(Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Section 3.1)

Türkiye Halk Bankası Anonim Şirketi

Consolidated Financial Statements
As of and For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2014
With Independent Auditors' Review Report Thereon

(Convenience Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish)

> Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi

8 August 2014

This report contains "Independent Auditors' Review Report" comprising 1 pages and; "Consolidated Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes" comprising 96 pages.

Convenience Translation of the Independent Auditors' Review Report Originally Prepared and Issued in Turkish (See Section 3.1)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT AS OF AND FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

To the Board of Directors of Türkiye Halk Bankası AŞ;

We have reviewed the consolidated balance sheet of Türkiye Halk Bankası AŞ ("the Bank") and its financial affiliates (together "the Group") as of 30 June 2014 and the consolidated statements of income, cash flows and changes in shareholders' equity for the six-month period then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Bank's management. Our responsibility as independent auditors is to issue a review report on these consolidated financial statements based on our review.

We conducted our review in accordance with the regulations related with the "Accounting and Recording Rules" and "Independent Auditing Standards" of the (Turkish) Banking Law No 5411. These regulations require that we plan and perform the review to obtain limited assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the personnel of the Bank and analytical procedures applied to financial data and thus provide less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements as of 30 June 2014 include a general reserve amounting to net TRY 132.231 thousands which were recorded in the prior periods provided by the Bank management for the possible result of the negative circumstances which may arise from any changes in economy or market conditions.

Based on our review, except for the effect of the matter described in the third paragraph above on the consolidated financial statements, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not presented fairly, the financial position of Türkiye Halk Bankası AŞ as of 30 June 2014, and the result of its operations and cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with the accounting principles and standards as per the existing regulations described in Article 37 and Article 38 of the ("Turkish") Banking Law No. 5411 and other regulations, circular and communiqués published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board, and the statements made by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency on accounting and financial reporting principles.

İstanbul, 8 August 2014 Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi

Erdal Tıkmak

Partner

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English:

As explained in Section 3.1, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Turkey.

TÜRKİYE HALK BANKASI AŞ THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT AS OF AND FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

1. The Bank's Headquarter Address:

Barbaros Mahallesi Şebboy Sokak No:4 Ataşehir/İstanbul

2. The Bank's Contact Phone and Facsimile:

Phone : 0216 503 70 70 Facsimile : 0212 340 93 99

3. The Bank's Website and E-mail Address:

Website: www.halkbank.com.tr

The consolidated financial report designed by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency in line with Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Publicly Announced and the Accompanying Policies and Disclosures consists of the sections listed below:

Section One : GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK

• Section Two : CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Section Three
 Section Four
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 SEXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES OF THE GROUP
 INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE OF THE GROUP
 EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

• Section Six : OTHER EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES

• Section Seven : INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

Subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures which are consolidated within this financial report are as below:

	Subsidiaries		Associates
1.	Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ	1.	Demir-Halkbank NV
2.	Halk Sigorta AŞ	2.	Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ
3.	Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ		
4.	Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ		
5.	Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ		
6.	Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ		
7.	Halk Faktoring AŞ		
8.	Halk Banka AD, Skopje		

Unless otherwise indicated, these consolidated financial statements and explanatory footnotes and disclosures as of and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2014 are prepared in thousand Turkish Lira and they have been independently reviewed and presented below in accordance with the Communiqué on Banks' Accounting Practice and Maintaining Documents, Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency regulations, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and related communiqués and interpretations including the Banks' records.

İstanbul, 8 August 2014

Hasan Cebeci	Ali Fuat	Süleyman	Sadık Tıltak	Erdal Erdem	Yusuf Duran
	Taşkesenoğlu	Kalkan			Ocak
Chairman of	Member of the	Vice Chairman	Member of the	Financial	Financial
the Board of	Board of	of the Board of	Board of	Management	Accounting
Directors	Directors,	Directors,	Directors,	and Planning	and Reporting
	Chief Executive	Head of the	Member of the	Vice Chief	Department
	Officer	Audit	Audit	Executive	Head
		Committee	Committee	Officer	

For any questions regarding this financial report, contact details of the personnel in charge is given below:

Name/Title : Gönül Özdemir / Manager – Pınar Küçük / Specialist

Tel No : 0312 289 30 13 – 0312 289 30 14

Fax No : 0312 289 30 50

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(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK

I. ESTABLISHMENT DATE OF THE PARENT BANK, INITIAL ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION, HISTORY OF THE PARENT BANK INCLUDING THE CHANGES OF THESE ARTICLES

Türkiye Halk Bankası Anonim Şirketi (the "Parent Bank" or "Halkbank") was established in Turkey in accordance with the law no: 2284 in 1933 and began its operations in 1938 and still continues its activities as a public commercial bank.

II. CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF THE PARENT BANK, SHAREHOLDERS THAT RETAIN DIRECT OR INDIRECT CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT OF THE PARENT BANK SOLELY OR TOGETHER, CHANGES ABOUT THESE ISSUES DURING THE YEAR AND DISCLOSURES ABOUT THE GROUP

The capital of the Parent Bank is controlled directly by the Republic of Turkey Prime Ministry Privatization Administration.

As of 30 June 2014 the shareholders' structure and their respective ownerships are summarized as follows:

Shareholders	30 June 2014	%	31 December 2013	%
Prime Ministry				
Privatization Administration ^(1,2)	638.276	51,06	638.276	51,06
Public shares ⁽²⁾	611.270	48,90	611.272	48,90
Other shareholders	454	0,04	452	0,04
Total	1.250.000	100,00	1.250.000	100,00

- As per the decree of the Higher Council of Privatization numbered 2007/8 and dated 5 February 2007; 25% of the public shares that were previously held by the Privatization Administration were privatized by a public offering and the Parent Bank's shares were registered to Capital Market Board records by decision number 16/471 dated 26 April 2007. The shares were traded on the Borsa Istanbul A.Ş. as of 10 May 2007. As per the decree of the Higher Council of Privatization numbered 2012/150 and dated 4 October 2012; 23,92% of the public shares that were previously held by the Privatization Administration were privatized by a second public offering and privatization was completed on 21 November 2012.
- The shares of the Prime Ministry Privatization Administration amounting TRY 550 have been included in Public shares. With that shares, the total shares amounting TRY 638.826 that held by the Privatization Administration is the 51,11% of the total shares.
- According to Turkish Commercial Code, 3rd Sub-article added to Article 2 of the Law No: 6327 and 4603 dated 13 June 2012, The Privatization High Council public shares of the Parent Bank are controlled and represented by the Parent Bank's Minister until the sales completion of these shares.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT PARENT THE BANK (continued)

III. EXPLANATIONS REGARDING THE PARNET BANK'S CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS AND THEIR SHARES ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARENT BANK, IF ANY

Name	Title	Assignment date	Educational background	Experience in banking and business administration
Hasan CEBECİ	Chairman of the Board of Directors	13.4.2005	Ankara Eco. and Com. Science (ECS) Academy - Economy Finance	35
Süleyman KALKAN	Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors	1.4.2013	Ankara University, Faculty of Political Science – International Relations Department.	31
Ali Fuat TAŞKESENLİOĞLU(***)	Member of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer	7.2.2014	Master's Degree: Beykent University Social Science Ins. Business Administration Bachelor Degree: Atatürk University, Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences-Business Administration. Doctor's Degree: Washington International University- Doctor of Philosophy in Business Administration.	26
Emin Süha ÇAYKÖYLÜ	Member of the Board of Directors	28.3.2003	Master's Degree: Syracuse University Business School (MBA). Master's Degree: Manchester Uni. U.K. Technology (M.Sc). Bachelor Degree: METU – Faculty of Engineering - Mechanical Engineering. Doctor's Degree: Sakarya Uni. Social Science Ins. Management and Organization. Master's Degree: Marmara Uni. Banking and Insurance Ins. – International	31
Dr. Nurzahit KESKİN	Member of the Board of Directors	13.4.2005	Banking. Bachelor Degree: Anadolu Uni. Afyon; Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences-Finance. Doctor's Degree: Marmara University, Banking and Insurance Ins Banking	23
Dr. Ahmet YARIZ	Member of the Board of Directors	9.4.2008	Department, 2005-At The Stage of Thesis. Master's Degree: Marmara University, Banking and Insurance InsBanking Department. Bachelor Degree: Istanbul Uni Business Administration.	21
İsmail Erol İŞBİLEN	Member of the Board of Directors	1.4.2013	Bachelor Degree: Ankara University, Faculty of Political Sciences – Economy and Public Finance Department	29
Sadık TILTAK	Member of the Board of Directors	1.4.2014	Ankara University, Faculty of Political Science-Finance	26
Yunus KARAN	Member of the Board of Directors	1.4.2014	İstanbul Uni. Eco. and Com. Science Academy-FinanceAccounting Master's Degree: Selcuk University Social Sciences Ins International Relations.	45
Faruk ÖZÇELİK	Member of the Audit Committee	29.3.2013(**)	Master's Degree: Ankara Uni. Faculty of Political Science-Business Administration. Master's Degree: Cleveland State University Business School(MBA)	4
Ali ARSLAN	Member of the Audit Committee	29.3.2013(**)	Bachelor Degree: Çukurova University, Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences-Business Administration	21
Mustafa SAVAŞ	Executive Vice President	12.8.2002	Ankara Uni. Faculty of Political Science-Labor Economics and Industry Relations Department.	23
Erol GÖNCÜ	Executive Vice President	14.6.2005	METU Faculty of Arts and Sciences-Mathematics Department. Doctor's Degree: Marmara University, Banking and Insurance InsBanking Department.	25
Dr. Şahap KAVCIOĞLU	Executive Vice President	17.6.2005	Master's Degree: Marmara University, Banking and Insurance InsBanking Department. Bachelor Degree: Dokuz Eylül Uni. Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences-Business Administration.	22
Selahattin SÜLEYMANOĞLU	Executive Vice President	1.7.2007	Master Degree: Selcuk University Social Sciences Ins. International Relations. Bachelor's Degree: Gazi University, Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences-Business Administration.	23
Mehmet Akif AYDEMİR	Executive Vice President	4.3.2010	Ankara University, Faculty of Political Sciences –Economics.	27
Mehmet Hakan ATİLLA	Executive Vice President	11.11.2011	Gazi University, Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences- Department of Economics.	18
Murat UYSAL	Executive Vice President	11.11.2011	Master's Degree: Marmara University, Banking and Insurance InsBanking Department Bachelor Degree: Istanbul Uni Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences- Department of Economics	16
Erdal ERDEM	Executive Vice President	27.3.2014	Bachelor Degree: Afyon Kocatepe Uni. Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences-Finance.	19
Salim KÖSE	Executive Vice President	10.07.2014	İstanbul University, Faculty of Law	24
Ömer Faruk ŞENEL	Executive Vice President	10.07.2014	METU Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences-Economics Master Degree: Fatih University, Social Sciences Ins. Master of Business	23
Murat OKTAY	Executive Vice President	10.07.2014	Administration METU Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences-Economics	20
Mehmet Sebahattin BULUT	Executive Vice President	10.07.2014	Bursa Uludağ University, Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences - Econometrics	20
Hasan ÜNAL	Executive Vice President	10.07.2014	Istanbul Technical University, Faculty of Business Administration – Business Engineering	24
Mustafa AYDIN	Executive Vice President	10.07.2014	METU Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences- Public Administration	23

^(*) Mr. Yakup DEMİRCİ, Mr. Taner AKSEL, Ms. Ufuk Hacer DENİZCİ YÜCE, Mr. Mürsel ERTAŞ, Mr. İsmail Hakkı İMAMOĞLU and Mr. Atalay TARDUŞ resigned from Executive Vice President on 4 July 2014.

^(*) People mentioned above do not own any shares in the Bank's capital.

^(**) Assigned date for Audit Committee.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK (continued)

- III. EXPLANATIONS REGARDING THE PARENT BANK'S CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS, AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS AND THEIR SHARES ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARENT BANK, IF ANY (continued)
- a) The professionals to the Parent Bank's top management who have assigned to their position in 2014 are listed with titles and dates of assignment.

Name	Title	Assignment Date
Ali Fuat TAŞKESENLİOĞLU	Member of the Board of Directors	6 February 2014
	and Chief Executive Officer	
Sadık TILTAK	Member of the Independent Board of	31 March 2014
	Directors	
Yunus KARAN	Member of the Board of Directors	31 March 2014
Erdal ERDEM	Executive Vice President	25 March 2014
Salim KÖSE	Executive Vice President	10 July 2014
Ömer Faruk ŞENEL	Executive Vice President	10 July 2014
Murat OKTAY	Executive Vice President	10 July 2014
Mehmet Sebahattin BULUT	Executive Vice President	10 July 2014
Hasan ÜNAL	Executive Vice President	10 July 2014
Mustafa AYDIN	Executive Vice President	10 July 2014

b) The professionals from the Parent Bank's top management who have left their position in 2014 are listed with titles and dates of leaving.

Name	Title	Assignment Date
Süleyman ASLAN(*)	Member of the Board of Directors	31 March 2014
	and Chief Executive Officer	
Sabahattin BİRDAL	Member of the Board of Directors	31 March 2014

^(*) Mr Süleyman ASLAN resigned from Chief Executive Officer on 7 February 2014.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK (continued)

IV. INFORMATION ABOUT THE PERSONS AND INSTITUTIONS THAT HAVE QUALIFIED SHARES ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARENT BANK

Except for the Prime Ministry Privatization Administration, no person or institute has any qualified shares attributable to the Parent Bank.

V. SUMMARY ON THE PARENT BANK'S FUNCTIONS AND LINES OF ACTIVITY

- a) General information about the Parent Bank:
 - Türkiye Halk Bankası Anonim Şirketi was established in Turkey in accordance with the Law No: 2284 in 1933 and began its operations in 1938 and still continues its activities as a public commercial bank.
- b) Law numbered 4603 regarding the "Law on Türkiye Cumhuriyeti Ziraat Bankası, Türkiye Halk Bankası Anonim Şirketi and Türkiye Emlak Bankası Anonim Şirketi", was prepared within the framework of the macro-economic program for the period 2000-2002. The purpose of the law is to modernize the operations of the banks to arrive at a point where the requirements of the international norms and international competition can both be reached and it also aims to sell the majority of the banks' shares to individuals or legal entities in the private sector. The Parent Bank revised its charter of establishment, elected a new board of directors and increased its nominal capital from TRY 250.000 to TRY 1.250.000 in the extraordinary general assembly held on 14 April 2001. Within the scope of the restructuring process, the Parent Bank received government bonds in settlement of the accumulated specific duty losses and the Parent Bank's whole specific duty loss receivable was thus eliminated as at 30 April 2001. In addition, a significant number of personnel were encouraged to sign new contracts and transferred to other government institutions.
- According to Article 2.2 of Law No: 4603, subsequent to the completion of the restructuring procedures, the procedures involved in sale of the shares of the Parent Bank were to be concluded under the provisions of Law No: 4046 based on the "Regulation of Privatization Applications and Amendment of Some Laws and Decrees with the Force of Law". The procedures relating to restructuring and sale of the shares were to be completed within three years (until 25 November 2003) as of the effective date of the related law. However, by Law No: 5230 dated 31 July 2004, the term "3 years" in Article 2.2 of Law numbered 4603 was previously amended to "5 years" and subsequently by Law No: 5572 dated 10 January 2007 the related term was amended to "10 years". As a result of this amendment, the privatization period of the Parent Bank was extended. The Council of Ministers has the authority to extend this period by the half of that period for one time only. The Council of Ministers extended by the half of that "10 years" period by the Decree numbered 2010/964 and dated 6 November 2010.
- When the related Decree numbered 2006/69 and dated 11 August 2006 was in force, the c.1 Privatization High Council public shares were transferred to the Privatization Administration and 99.9% of the Parent Bank shares were decided to be sold before 25 May 2008 using the block sale method. By the Privatization High Council's decree numbered 2006/4258 and dated 29 November 2006, 13th Department of Council of State decided to cease the execution of the Decree numbered 2006/69 dated 11 August 2006. Thereupon, legal regulation numbered 5572 was executed and as per the decree of the Higher Council of Privatization numbered 2007/8 and dated 5 February 2007, up to 25% of the public shares that were previously transferred to the Privatization Administration on 11 August 2006, were decided to be privatized by a public offering and it was decided to be concluded by the end of 2007. The first phase of the privatization process of the Parent Bank corresponding to 24.98% was completed in the first week of May 2007 and Halkbank shares were traded on Borsa İstanbul A.S. as of 10 May 2007 with the base price of TRY full 8,00. As per the decree of the Higher Council of Privatization numbered 2012/150 and dated 4 October 2012; 23,92% of the public shares that were previously held by the Privatization Administration were privatized by a second public offering and privatization was completed on 21 November 2012.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK (continued)

V. SUMMARY ON THE PARENT BANK'S FUNCTIONS AND LINES OF ACTIVITY (continued)

- Under No: 25539 Law regarding the "Act No: 5230 with regards to the transfer of Pamukbank Türk Anonim Şirketi to Türkiye Halk Bankası AŞ and amendments to other acts" which came into force as of 31 July 2004 with the publication of the Official Gazette, Pamukbank (whose shares, management, and control were previously inherited to the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund ("SDIF")) was transferred to the Parent Bank. Insolvent Pamukbank TAŞ was a private sector deposit bank established by Çukurova İthalat ve İhracat TAO, Karamehmetler Scrip Company and more than 500 shareholders. Pamukbank started its private banking operations as an incorporated company in accordance with the decision of the Council of Ministers numbered 4/4573 and dated 5 March 1955. According to the decision of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency numbered 742 published in the Official Gazette numbered 24790 and dated 19 June 2002 including 3rd and 4th Sub-articles in Article 14 of the Banking Law No: 4389, the shareholders rights excluding dividends, management and supervision of Pamukbank were transferred to the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund as of 18 June 2002.
- e) The Parent Bank's service activities and operating areas: The Parent Bank's operating areas include, commercial financing and corporate banking, fund management operations, retail banking and credit card operations.

As of 30 June 2014, the Parent Bank operates with a total of 885 branches consisting of 880 domestic and 5 foreign branches that are 4 in Cyprus and 1 in Bahrain. Domestic Branches include 35 satellite branches and 2 financial services branches. The Parent Bank has also 2 representative offices in England and Iran.

VI. EXPLANATION ABOUT COMPANIES WITHIN THE SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION

The Parent Bank and its subsidiaries;

- Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ
- Halk Sigorta AŞ
- Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ
- Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ
- Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ
- Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ
- Halk Faktoring AŞ
- Halk Banka AD, Skopje

are consolidated line by line in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The Parent Bank's associates;

- Demir-Halkbank NV
- Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ

is accounted by "equity method" in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ ("the Company"), a subsidiary of the Parent Bank established in 2010, was registered on 18 October 2010. The Company's main line of business is, to form and improve real estate portfolios and to invest in real estate based capital market instruments. The Company's main operative target is, based on the Capital Markets Board's ("CMB") regulation regarding the investment properties, to invest in capital market instruments based on real estates, real estate projects and rights based on real estates.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK (continued)

VI. EXPLANATION ABOUT COMPANIES WITHIN THE SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION (continued)

As at 15 February 2013 28% shares of Halk GYO has been offered to public. After the collecting the demand the Company's shares started to be traded on Borsa İstanbul AŞ at 22 February 2013.

Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ ("Halk Leasing"), was an associate of the Parent Bank with 47,75% of the shares and consolidated according to the equity method until 27 May 2011. The Group obtained the control of Halk Leasing by acquiring 52,24% of the shares and voting interests in the company as of 27 May 2011. As a result, the Group's equity interest in Halk Leasing has increased from 47,75% to 99,99%. Halk Leasing was established in September 1991 in Turkey and operates under the provisions of the Turkish financial leasing law number 3226.

Halk Banka AD Skopje, formerly Export and Credit Bank AD Skopje is a subsidiary of the Parent Bank. The Group obtained the control of Halk Banka AD, Skopje by acquiring 98,12% of the shares and voting interests of the company as of 8 April 2011 and 8 August 2011. Halk Banka AD Skopje has taken over Ziraat Banka AD Skopje which the is a Turkish capital bank that operates in Macedonia, through the merger as of 1 October 2012. As a result, the Group's equity interest in Halk Banka AD, Skopje has increased from 98,12% to 98,78%. Halk Banka AD, Skopje is operating in Republic of Macedonia. Its main activities include commercial lending, receiving of deposits, foreign exchange deals, and payment operation services in the country and abroad and retail banking services.

Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ ("Halk Portföy"), a subsidiary of the Parent Bank established in 2011, was registered on 30 June 2011. Halk Portföy's main line of business is to provide portfolio and fund management services.

Halk Faktoring AŞ("Halk Faktoring"), was a subsidiary of the Parent Bank with capital payments of amounting to TRY 19.000 and 95% of shares. After, it was registered to trade registry on 6 June 2012, establishment has been completed. Halk Faktoring's main line of business is to provide factoring services, that include legitimate commercial lending for all domestic and international trade operation.

For the purposes of the consolidated financial statements, the Parent Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to as "the Group".

VII. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE COMMUNIQUE ON PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BANKS AND TURKISH ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SHORT EXPLANATION ABOUT THE INSTITUTIONS SUBJECT TO LINE-BY-LINE METHOD OR PROPORTIONAL CONSOLIDATION AND INSTITUTIONS WHICH ARE DEDUCTED FROM EQUITY OR NOT INCLUDED IN THESE THREE METHODS

Due to differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Account Standards (TAS), the non-financial subsidiary, Bileşim Alternatif Dağ. Kan. A.Ş, is not accounted in the consolidated financial statements. In the financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standarts, Bileşim Alternatif Dağ. Kan. A.Ş is included in the scope of consolidation by-line by-line method.

The Parent Bank's subsidiaries Halk Sigorta AŞ, Halk Hayat Emeklilik AŞ, Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ, Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ, Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ, Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ, Halk Banka AD, Skopje and Halk Faktoring AŞ are included in the scope of consolidation by line-by-line method.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK (continued)

VII. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE COMMUNIQUE ON PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BANKS AND TURKISH ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SHORT EXPLANATION ABOUT THE INSTITUTIONS SUBJECT TO LINE-BY-LINE METHOD OR PROPORTIONAL CONSOLIDATION AND INSTITUTIONS WHICH ARE DEDUCTED FROM EQUITY OR NOT INCLUDED IN THESE THREE METHODS (continued)

Demir-Halkbank NV ("Demir Halk Bank") and Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ which are qualified as investments in associates, are presented in the financial statements based on equity method of accounting. An associate is a partnership in whose capital the Parent Bank participates and over which it has a significant influence but no control, established at home and abroad.

There is no partnership share on banks and financial institutions, with shareholding of more than 10% and deducted from capital.

Kredi Kayıt Bürosu AŞ and Bankalararası Kart Merkezi AŞ are not consolidated in the financial statements because the other banks' shares are equal and thus, the Bank has no control.

VIII. THE EXISTING OR POTENTIAL, ACTUAL OR LEGAL OBSTACLES ON THE TRANSFER OF SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY BETWEEN THE PARENT BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES OR THE REIMBURSEMENT OF LIABILITIES

Immediately transfer of the shareholder's equity between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries is not in question. Dividend distribution from shareholders equity is done according to related regulations.

There is no existing or potential, actual or legal obstacle to the reimbursement of liabilities between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries. The Parent Bank charge or pay cost of the services according to the service agreements done between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION II: CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- I. Consolidated Balance Sheet (Consolidated Statement of Financial Position)
- II. Consolidated Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Items
- III. Consolidated Statement of Income
- IV. Consolidated Statement of Income and Expense Items Accounted under Shareholders' Equity
- V. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The consolidated financial statements, related notes and explanations in this report are prepared in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS"), Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS"), Communiqué on "Banks' Accounting Practice and Maintaining Documents" and other communiqués and interpretations of Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") on accounting and financial reporting.

Accounting policies applied and valuation methods used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are expressed in detail below.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

The differences between accounting principles, as described in the preceding paragraphs, and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries, in which the accompanying financial statements are to be distributed, and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), may have significant influence on the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

II. EXPLANATIONS ON THE STRATEGY OF USE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

1. The Group's strategy on financial instruments:

Due to its historical mission, the Parent Bank focuses on granting loans to Small and Medium Size Enterprises (SMEs) and craftsmen besides corporate, commercial and individual segmented firms. In addition to the main fund source deposits, the Group can raise funds from foreign borrowing and money market borrowing.

The Group follows the developments in the markets and uses funds raised in most yielding areas. The strategies of the Parent Bank are evaluated in the weekly Asset and Liability Committee meetings.

2. The Group's explanations on foreign currency transactions:

In the statutory records of the Group, transactions accounted in foreign currencies (currencies except for TRY) are converted into TRY by using the prevailing exchange rates at the transaction dates. Foreign currency monetary asset and liability items are converted into TRY by using the prevailing exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items in foreign currencies carried at fair value are converted into TRY by using the exchange rates at the date of which the fair value is determined. Exchange differences arising from the conversions of monetary foreign currency items and collections of foreign currency transactions are reflected to the income statement.

The financial statements of the foreign branches and subsidiaries of the Parent Bank are prepared in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (functional currency). The financial statements of foreign branches and subsidiaries are expressed in TRY which is the functional currency of the Group and the presentation currency of the financial statements.

Assets and liabilities of the foreign branches and subsidiaries of the Parent Bank are converted into TRY by using the prevailing exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The foreign branches' income and expenses are converted by at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. The foreign subsidiaries' income and expenses are converted by average rate of the exchange of the current year.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

III. INFORMATION ABOUT THE ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES SUBJECT TO CONSOLIDATION

1. Basis of consolidation:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the communiqué on "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" and the Turkish Accounting Standards are applied in the consolidation.

a. Basis of consolidation of subsidiaries:

The Parent Bank's subsidiaries Halk Sigorta AŞ, Halk Hayat Emeklilik AŞ, Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ, Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ, Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ, Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ, Halk Banka AD, Skopje and Halk Faktoring AŞ are included in the scope of consolidation.

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Parent Bank. Control is the power of the Parent Bank to appoint or remove from office the decision-taking majority of members of board of directors through direct or indirect possession of the majority of a legal person's capital irrespective of the requirement of owning minimum fifty-one per cent of its capital; or by having control over the majority of the voting right as a consequence of holding privileged shares or of agreements with other shareholders although not owning the majority of capital.

Under line-by-line method, the assets, liabilities, income and expenses and off-balance sheet items of subsidiaries are combined with the equivalent items of the Parent Bank on a line-by-line basis. The book value of the Parent Bank's investment in each subsidiary and the Group's portion of equity of each subsidiary are eliminated. All significant transactions and balances between the Parent Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries are eliminated reciprocally. Minority interests in the net income and in the equity of consolidated subsidiaries are calculated separately from the Group's net income and the Group's shareholders' equity. Minority interests are identified separately in the balance sheet and in the income statement.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, if a subsidiary uses accounting policies other than those adapted by the Parent Bank, appropriate adjustments are made to subsidiaries' financial statements. There is no item that a different accounting policy is applied.

b. Basis of consolidation of associates:

Demir-Halkbank NV ("Demir Halk Bank") and Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ, which are qualified as investments in associates, are presented in the accompanying financial statements based on the equity method of accounting. An associate is a partnership in whose capital the Parent Bank participates and over which it has a significant influence but no control, established at home and abroad.

Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy of the investee. If the Parent Bank holds ten percent or more of the voting power of the associate, it is presumed that the Parent Bank has significant influence unless otherwise demonstrated. A substantial or majority ownership by another investor does not necessarily preclude an investor from having significant influence.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

III. INFORMATION ABOUT THE ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES SUBJECT TO CONSOLIDATION (continued)

- 1. Basis of consolidation (continued):
- b. Basis of consolidation of associates (continued):

Qualified share is the share that directly or indirectly constitute ten percent of an entity's capital or voting rights and irrespective of this requirement, possession of privileged shares giving right to appoint members of board of directors.

Equity method is an accounting method of associates by which book value of the associate is increased or decreased due to changes in the Parent Bank's share in the associates' equity and dividends received from associate is deducted from the share of Bank calculated as explained above.

Accounting principles used by Demir Halkbank NV and Kobi Girişim Sermayesi AŞ which is a consolidated associate by the equity method of accounting, has the same accounting principles of the Parent Bank.

c. Basis of consolidation of joint ventures:

The Parent Bank does not have any joint ventures.

d. Principles applied during share transfer, merger and acquisition:

Accounting for business combinations

From 1 January 2010 the Group will apply IFRS 3 Business Combinations (2008) in accounting for business combinations. Business Combinations that occurred before 1 January 2010 had not been restated and the accounting policies applicable to those acquisitions are set out below. The new accounting policy in respect of business combinations is as follows.

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method as at the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, the Group takes into consideration potential voting rights that currently are exercisable.

Acquisitions on or after 1 January 2010

The Group measures goodwill at the acquisition date as the total of:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree; plus if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When this total is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognized in profit or loss.

The Group elects on a transaction-by-transaction basis whether to measure non-controlling interest at its fair value, or at its proportionate share of the recognised amount of the identifiable net assets, at the acquisition date.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES(continued)

III. INFORMATION ABOUT THE ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES SUBJECT TO CONSOLIDATION (continued)

- 1. Basis of consolidation (continued):
- d. Principles applied during share transfer, merger and acquisition (continued):

Accounting for business combinations (continued)

Costs related to the acquisition, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred. Any contingent consideration payable is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it is not remeasured and settlement is accounted for within equity.

Otherwise, subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognized in profit or loss. When share-based payment awards (replacement awards) are required to be exchanged for awards held by the acquirer's employees (acquirer's awards) and relate to past services, then all or a portion of the amount of the acquirer's replacement awards is included in measuring the consideration transferred in the business combination. This determination is based on the market-based value of the replacement awards compared with the market-based value of the acquirer's awards and the extent to which the replacement awards relate to past and/or future service.

Acquisitions before 1 January 2010

For acquisitions before 1 January 2010, goodwill represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's interest in the recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree. When the excess was negative, a bargain purchase gain was recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurred in connection with business combinations were capitalized as part of the cost of the acquisitions.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS ON FORWARD AND OPTION CONTRACTS AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Derivative transactions of the Group consist of foreign currency and interest rate swaps, forwards and credit default swaps. The Group has no derivative instruments decomposed from the main contract.

Derivative financial instruments are recorded at fair value as of the contract date and valued at fair value in the following reporting periods. Although some derivative transactions are qualified as economical hedging items, they do not meet all the definition requirements of hedge accounting items. Therefore, under the Turkish Accounting Standard No: 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" (TAS 39), these derivative instruments are recognized as held for trading and gains and losses of these instruments are associated with statement of income.

V. INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSES

Interest income and expenses are recognized on an accrual basis using the effective interest method (the rate that equals the future cash flows of a financial asset or liability to its present net book value) in conformity with TAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

In accordance with the related legislation, realized and unrealized interest accruals of the nonperforming loans are reversed and interest income related to these loans are recorded as an interest income only when they are collected.

VI. FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME AND EXPENSES

Banking service income is recorded in the income in the period when they are collected. Prepaid fees and commission income obtained from cash and non-cash loans are recorded in the related period by using discounting method with internal rate of return according to the loan maturity within the matching principle.

Fees and commission expenses on borrowings that are paid to other institutions and incorporations for financial liabilities comprise operational costs. This fees and commission expenses are booked under prepaid expenses and transferred to expense accounts in the related periods by using the straight accrual method according to the financial borrowing maturity within the matching principle.

VII. EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON FINANCIAL ASSETS

Financial instruments comprise financial assets, financial liabilities and derivative instruments. The financial assets are included in the balance sheet of the Group, if the Group is a legal party of these financial assets.

Financial assets mainly constitute the majority of the commercial activities and operations of the Group. These instruments have the ability to expose, affect and diminish the risks of liquidity, credit and interest in the financial statements.

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability could be settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Market value is the amount obtainable from the sale or payable on the acquisition of a financial instrument in an active market, if one exists.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

VII. EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

The estimated fair values of financial assets have been determined by the Group using the available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, judgment is necessarily required to interpret market data to develop the estimated fair value. Hence, estimations presented in this report may not be same with the prices in the current market conditions in the case of assets disposals. Book values of some financial assets (which equals to their costs) are assumed to approximate to their fair values due to their short term nature.

The financial instruments and their valuations methods based on their classification on the financial statements are set out below.

1. Cash and banks

Cash and bank balances in foreign currencies are valued by using the Bank's current period end exchange rates. The presented values of cash in TRY, foreign currency cash and banks at balance sheet are the estimated fair values of these assets.

2. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

2.1. Financial assets held for trading

Financial assets held for trading are financial assets, which are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price or dealer's margin, or are financial assets included in a portfolio with a pattern of short-term profit taking.

Financial Assets Held For Trading are presented in the balance sheet with their fair values and are subject to valuation at fair values after the initial recognition. Valuation gains or losses are recognized in the profit/loss accounts. Interests gained from the retention of held for trading financial assets are recognized under the interest income and dividends gained is recognized under the dividend income in the income statement. If these assets are disposed of prior to their maturity periods, loss or gain from the disposal is recognized in the income statement by using interest income/expense accounts under profit/loss from the capital market operations.

2.2. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss represent the financial assets at fair value through profit and loss at the initial recognition and those are not obtained for trading purposes. Recognition of fair value differences of those assets are similar to the financial asset held for trading.

The Group has not any financial assets at fair value through profit and loss as of 30 June 2014 and 31 December 2013.

3. Investments held to maturity

Investments held to maturity are the investments, for which there is an intention of holding until maturity and the relevant conditions for fulfillment of such intention, including the funding ability, and for which there are fixed or determinable payments with fixed maturity; and which are recognized at fair value at initial recognition. Investments held to maturity with the initial recognition at fair value including transaction costs are subject to valuation with their discounted cost value by using the internal rate of return method less provision for any impairment, if any. Interest income from investments held to maturity is recognized in the income statement as an interest income. There are no financial assets that are classified by the Group as investments held to maturity; however, they cannot be classified under this classification for two years for not satisfying the requirements of the related classification.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

VII. EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

4. Financial assets available for sale

Financial assets available for sale represent non-derivative financial assets other than the bank loans and receivables, investments held to maturity and financial assets at fair value through profit and loss. Initial recognition and subsequent valuation of financial assets available for sale are performed based on the fair value including transaction costs. The amount arising from the difference between cost and amortized value is recognized through income statement by using the internal rate of return. If a price does not occur in an active market, fair value cannot be reliably determined and "Amortized Value" is determined as the fair value using the internal rate of return. Unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the financial assets available for sale are not recognized in the income statement, they are recognized in the "Marketable Securities Revaluation Fund" until the disposal, sale, redemption or incurring loss of those assets. Fair value differences accounted under equity arising from the application of fair value are reflected to the income statement when these assets are sold or when the valuation difference is collected.

5. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables represent unquoted financial assets in an active market that provide money, goods or services to the debtor with fixed or determinable payments.

Loans and receivables are initially recognized with their fair values including settlement costs and carried at their amortized costs calculated using the internal rate of return at the subsequent recognition. Transaction fees, dues and other expenses paid for loan guarantees are recognized under the profit and loss accounts.

Consumer and corporate cash loans are recognized under the accounts specified by the Uniform Chart of Accounts and Explanations with their original balances based on their context.

Foreign currency indexed consumer and corporate loans are followed at TRY accounts after converting into TRY by using the opening exchange rates. At the subsequent periods, increases and decreases in the loan capital are recognized under the foreign currency income and expense accounts in the income statement depending on foreign currency rates being higher or lower than opening date rates. Repayments are calculated using the exchange rates at the repayment dates and exchange differences are recognized under the foreign currency income and expense accounts in the income statement.

Non-performing loans are classified in accordance with the regulation on "Methods and Principles for the Determination of Loans and Other Receivables to be Reserved for and Allocation of Reserves" published in the Official Gazette No: 26333 dated 1 November 2006 and amended with the regulation published in the Official Gazette No: 28418 dated last 21 September 2012 and specific provisions are allocated for those loans. Specific provisions are reflected to "820/821 Provisions and Impairment Expenses 82000/82100 Specific Provisions Expenses" account. Provisions released in same year are recognized as a credit movement under the "Provision Expenses", released portion of the previous period provisions are recognized under the "Other Operating Income" account.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its financial asset or group of financial assets whether there is an objective indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the Group determines the related impairment amount.

A financial asset or a group of financial assets is subject to impairment loss only if there is an objective indication that the occurrence of one or more than one event ("loss event") subsequent to the initial recognition of that asset has an effect on the reliable estimate of the expected future cash flows of the related financial asset and asset group. Irrespective of their high probability of incurrence, future expected losses are not recognized.

Impairment losses attributable to the investments held to maturity are measured as the difference between the present values of estimated future cash flows discounted using the original interest rate of financial asset and the book value of asset. The related difference is recognized as a loss and it decreases the book value of the financial asset. At subsequent periods, if the impairment loss amount decreases, impairment loss recognized is reversed.

When a decline occurs in the fair values of the "financial assets available for sale" of which value decreases and increases are recognized in equity, the accumulated profit/loss that had been recognized directly in equity is transferred from equity to period profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of the related asset increases, the impairment loss is reversed, with the amount of the reversal recognized in profit or loss.

For loans and receivables; the Parent Bank's management performs consistent loan portfolio reviews and if any doubts on the collectability of the loans arise, the related loans are classified in accordance with legislation on "Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions ("Communiqué")" published in the Official Gazette numbered 26333 and dated 1 November 2006. The Bank does not limit the provision amount for the non-performing loans recognized before 1 January 2008 with the minimum rates defined in the related regulation and allocates specific provision for such loan amounts in full and they are recognized in the statement of income. Bank sets specific provision for non-performing loans recognized after 1 January 2008 through deducting the collateral amount, calculated in accordance with the related coefficient rates defined in the Article 10 of the related legislation, from the follow-up amount and setting 100% provision for the outstanding follow-up risk amount excluding the surety ship type of collaterals defined in the Article 9 of the related legislation. Unindemnified non-cash loans extended to follow-up entities are added to the follow-up risk amount after conversion by credit conversion rates defined in the Communiqué. The Bank sets 100% provision for the outstanding follow-up risk amount, that are calculated by deducting the collateral amount, and calculated in accordance with the related coefficient rates defined in the Article 10 of the related legislation. Collections made related to those loans are offset against the capital and interest collections are recognized under the "Interest Received from Non-performing Loans" item of the income statement.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

Other than specific allowances, the Bank provides "general allowances" for loan and other receivables classified in accordance with the Regulation on Identification of and Provision against Non-Performing Loans and Other Receivables. The Bank is providing 1% general allowance for cash loans and other receivables; 0.2% general allowances for non-cash loans. In accordance with the communiqué "The change in the Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions" published on 28 May 2011 No: 27947 Official Gazette, banks are able to change the terms of the payment plans of their loans and other receivables monitored under standard and other receivables group given that those loans and receivables qualify for the prerequisites. However, if the changes made extend the initial payment plan, a general provision allocated accordingly with the related loans and other receivables given that it is no less than the 5 times of the predetermined ratio and for loans and other receivables followed under close monitoring provision cannot fall below 2,5 times of the designated ratio.

In accordance with the communiqué "The Change in the Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions" published on 18 June 2011 No: 27968 Official Gazette, the Parent Bank applies general provision ratios as 4% for all consumer loans in first group and 8% for all consumer loans in second group respectively except for real estate and automobile loans in both groups.

In accordance with the communiqué "The Change in the Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions" published on 21 September 2012 No: 28418 Official Gazette, as of the recent month end prior to the effective date of the Communiqué, the Bank will provide the differences in general allowances for cash loans, close monitoring loans, letters of guarantees, bill guarantees and sureties and other non-cash loans with the rates stated in the first paragraph of Article 7 of the Communiqué until 31 December 2015.

In accordance with the communiqué "The Change in the Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions" published on 8 October 2013 No: 28789 Official Gazette, as of the recent month end prior to the effective date of the Communiqué, the Bank will provide the differences in general allowances for all consumer loans except for real estate loans in both groups with the rates stated in the second paragraph of Article 7 of the Communiqué until 31 December 2015.

IX. OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

A financial asset and a financial liability shall be offset and the net amount shall be presented in the balance sheet only when a party currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts or intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

X. EXPLANATIONS ON SALES AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (REPOS) AND TRANSACTIONS ON SECURITIES LOANED

Marketable securities subject to repurchase agreements are classified under "Available for Sale Financial Assets" or "Held to Maturity Investments" in the Group's portfolio and they are valued according to the valuation principles of the related portfolios.

Funds obtained from the repurchase agreements are recognized under "Funds from Repurchase Transactions" account in liabilities. For the difference between the sale and repurchase prices determined by the repo agreements for the period; expense accrual is calculated using the internal rate of return method.

Reverse repo transactions are recognized under the "Receivables from Reverse Repo Transactions" account. For the difference between the purchase and resale prices determined by the reverse repo agreements for the period; income accrual is calculated using the internal rate of return method.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XI. EXPLANATIONS ON ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Depreciation of such assets is ceased and they are presented separately in the balance sheet. In order to classify a tangible fixed asset as held for sale, the asset (or the disposal group) should be available for an immediate sale in its present condition subject to the terms of any regular sales of such assets (or such disposal groups) and the sale should be highly probable. For a highly probable sale, the appropriate level of management must be committed to a plan to sell the asset (or the disposal group), and an active programme to complete the plan should be initiated to locate a customer. Also, the asset (or the disposal group) should have an active market sale value, which is a reasonable value in relation to its current fair value. Events or circumstances may extend the completion of the sale more than one year. Such assets are still classified as held for sale if there is sufficient evidence that the delay in the sale process is due to the events and circumstances occurred beyond the control of the entity or the entity remains committed to its plan to sell the asset (or disposal group).

A discontinued operation is a component of a bank that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale. Gains or losses relating to discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement.

XII. EXPLANATIONS ON GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

As at the balance sheet date, there is no goodwill recorded in the consolidated balance sheet of the Group.

Intangible assets that are purchased prior to 1 January 2005 are carried at their restated historical costs and intangible assets that are purchased in the subsequent periods are carried at their historical cost, less any accumulated amortization and any impairment losses. Intangible assets are amortized by using the straight line method based on their useful lives. Amortization method and period are assessed periodically at the end of each year. Intangible assets consist of software expenses and they are amortized by using the straight line method over 5 years. There is no significant change in the accounting estimates expected or to be expected having a significant effect on the amortization method, amortization period or residual value.

XIII. EXPLANATIONS ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment that are purchased prior to 1 January 2005 are carried at their 31 December 2004 dated restated costs and property, plant and equipment that are purchased in the subsequent periods are carried at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Property, plant and equipment are amortized by using the straight line method during their useful lives. Gain or loss arising from the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of that asset and is recognized in profit or loss. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the lease period by straight line method.

Ordinary maintenance and repair expenses of property, plant and equipment items are recognized as expenses.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XIII. EXPLANATIONS ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

	Estimated useful	
	lives (Year)	Depreciation rate
Buildings	50	2%
Safe-deposit boxes	50	2%
Other movable properties	2-25	4-50%
Assets held under financial leases	4-5	20-25%

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the lower of the periods of the respective leases and useful lives, on a straight-line basis. In any case useful life cannot exceed the lease period. If the duration of lease agreement is not determined or longer than five years, amortization duration is considered as five years.

There is no change in accounting estimates that is expected to have significant effect in current period and subsequent periods.

There are no mortgages, pledges or similar in cumbrances designated for the property, plant and equipment.

XIV. EXPLANATIONS ON INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties are kind of property which is held by the Group to earn rent.

These are listed in the attached consolidated financial statements at acquisition costs less accumulated amortization and impairment provisions. The accounting policies mentioned for tangible assets are also valid for investment properties.

XV. EXPLANATIONS ON LEASING TRANSACTIONS

Assets acquired under financial leases are carried at the lower of their fair values or amortized value of the lease payments. Leasing payables are recognized as liabilities in the balance sheet while the interest payable portions of the payables are recognized as a deferred amount of interest. Assets held under financial leases are recognized under the property, plant and equipment (movable properties) account and are depreciated by using the straight line method.

In the cases of the Group is renter, at the beginning of the lease operation the value of assets held under financial leases are recognized as financial lease receivables in the balance sheet. Interest income obtained by the difference between total financial lease receivables and investment value of assets held under financial leases is recorded in the income statement by distributing the receivables in the related accounting period with the constant interest rate. The interest income which is not accrued in the related period, is recognized in the account of unaccrued interest income.

Operational lease transactions are recognized in line with the related agreement on an accrual basis.

XVI. EXPLANATIONS ON INSURANCE TECHNICAL INCOME AND EXPENSE

Insurance premium income is obtained subsequent the share of reinsurers in policy income is diminished.

Claims are recorded in expense as they are reported. Outstanding loss provisions are recognized for the claims reported but not paid yet and for the claims that incurred but not reported. Reinsurers' share of claims paid and outstanding loss are offset in these provisions.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XVII. EXPLANATIONS ON INSURANCE TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

According to the current insurance regulation, insurance companies should recognize provisions for unearned premium claims, unexpired risk reserves, provision for outstanding claims, life-mathematical provisions and equalization provisions.

The provision for unearned premiums consists of the gross overlapping portion of accrued premiums for insurance contracts that are in effect to the subsequent period or periods of balance sheet date on a daily basis without a commission or any other discount.

In case the expected loss premium ratio is over 95%, the unexpired risk reserves are recognized for the branches specified by the Undersecretariat of Treasury. For each branch, the amount found by multiplying the ratio exceeding 95% by the net unearned premium provision is recognized in the financial statements as net unexpired risk reserve; and the amount found by multiplying the ratio exceeding 95% by the gross unearned premium provision is recognized as gross unexpired risk reserve. The difference between the gross and the net amounts is considered as the share of the reinsurer.

Claim provision is recognized for the accrued claims which are not paid in the current period or in the prior periods or for the claims realized with the expected costs but not reported.

Mathematical provision is recognized in order to meet the requirements of policyholders and beneficiaries for long-time life, health and personal accident insurance contracts on actuarial bases.

Equalization provision is recognized in order to balance the fluctuations in the claim ratios.

Effective 1 January 2005, the Group's insurance subsidiaries adopted TFRS 4, Insurance Contracts ("TFRS 4"). TFRS 4 represents the completion of phase I and is a transitional standard until the recognition and measurement of insurance contracts has more fully addressed. TFRS 4 requires that all contracts issued by insurance companies be classified as either insurance contracts or investment contracts.

Insurance risk is defined as risk, other than financial risk, transferred from the holder of a contract to the issuer. TFRS 4 permits a company to continue with its previously adopted accounting policies with regard to recognition and measurement of insurance contracts. Only in case of presentation of more reliable figures a change in accounting policy shall be carried out. Contracts issued by insurance companies without significant insurance risk are considered investment contracts. Investment contracts are accounted for in accordance with TAS 39 revised.

Insurance companies of the Group cede premium and risks in the normal course of business in order to limit the potential for losses arising from risks accepted. Insurance premiums ceded to reinsurers on contracts that are deemed to transfer significant insurance risk are recognized as an expense in a manner that is consistent with the recognition of insurance premium revenue arising from the underlying risks being protected.

Costs which vary and are directly associated with the acquisition of insurance and reinsurance contracts including brokerage, commissions, underwriting expenses and other acquisition costs are deferred and amortized over the period of contract, consistent with the earning of premium.

In conformity with TFRS 4, at each balance sheet date, liability adequacy tests are performed to ensure the adequacy of the insurance contract liabilities net of related Deferred Acquisition Costs (DAC) and premiums receivable. Investment income from the assets backing the liabilities is taken into account in calculating the provision. Any deficiency, if there is, is immediately charged to the income statement initially by writing off DAC and by subsequently establishing a provision for losses arising from liability adequacy tests. Any DAC written off as a result of this test cannot subsequently be reinstated.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XVIII. EXPLANATIONS ON PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Provision and contingent liabilities are accounted in conformity with TAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

In the financial statements, a provision is made for an existing commitment resulted from past events if it is probable that the commitment will be settled and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are calculated based on the best estimates of the Group's management on the expenses to incur as of the balance sheet date and, if material, such expenses are discounted for their present values. If the amount is not reliably estimated and there is no probability of cash outflow from the Group to settle the liability, the related liability is considered as "contingent" and disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

XIX. EXPLANATIONS ON EMPLOYEE BENEFIT LIABILITIES

Employee benefits liabilities are recognized in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard No: 19 "Employee Benefits". According to related legislation and union contracts, the Parent Bank is required to make lump sum retirement payments to employees who has completed one year of service, is called up for military service, dies, resigns, retires or whose employment is terminated without due cause, or for female employees; who resigns subsequent to her marriage within one year. The Group provides provision by estimating the present value of the future retirement pay liability. The retirement pay provision of the Parent Bank has been determined by the actuarial report of an independent valuation company. As of 1 January 2013, actuarial gains and losses are recorded under the shareholders' equity according to the revised TAS 19.

T. Halk Bankası Employee Pension Fund, T. Ziraat Bankası and T. Halk Bankası Employee Pension Fund Foundations were founded in accordance with the provisional article 20 of the Social Insurance Act (SIA) No: 506 and their members include employees of the Parent Bank as well. Provisional article 23 of the Banking Act No: 5411 requires the Parent Bank's pension funds founded in the scope of SIA to be transferred to the Social Insurance Institution (SII) within 3 years subsequent to the publishing date of the act. The procedure and essentials for the transfer were determined by the Council of Ministers' decision dated 30 November 2006 and numbered 2006/11345 and accordingly, both pension fund foundations would have been transferred to SSI. However, with the decree of the Constitutional Court numbered E.2005/139, K.2007/13 and K.2007/33 published in the Official Gazette dated 31 March 2007 and numbered 26479, the first paragraph of the temporary first article of the provisional article 23 of the Banking Act No: 5411 is cancelled and the execution has been ceased starting from the date the decree is published.

After the justified decree related to cancelling the provisional article 23 of the Banking Law was announced by the Constitutional Court on the Official Gazette dated 15 December 2007 and numbered 26731, Turkish Grand National Assembly started to work on establishing new legal regulations, and after it was approved at the General Assembly of the TGNA, the Law numbered 5754 "Emendating Social Security and General Health Insurance Act and Certain Laws and Decree Laws", which was published on the Official Gazette dated 8 May 2008 and numbered 26870, came into effect. The new law decrees that the contributors of the bank pension funds, the ones who receive salaries or income from these funds and their rightful beneficiaries will be transferred to the Social Security Institution and will be subject to this Law within 3 years after the release date of the related article, without any need for further operation. The three year transfer period can be prolonged for maximum 2 years by the Cabinet decision. However related transfer period has been prolonged for 2 years by the Cabinet decision dated. 14 March 2011, which was published on the Official Gazette dated 9 April 2011 and numbered 27900. In addition, by the Law numbered 6283 "Emendating Social Security and General Health Insurance Act", which was published on the Official Gazette dated 8 March 2012 and numbered 28227, this period of 2 years has been raised to 4 years.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XIX. EXPLANATIONS ON EMPLOYEE BENEFIT LIABILITIES (continued)

According to the decree of Council of Ministers dated 24 April 2014 and numbered 28987, which was published on the Gazette on 30 April 2014, the related transfer period was prolonged one more year.

In accordance with the related legislation, as of the transfer date, the income and expenses of the transferred funds will be considered by the insurance branches and the cash value of the liabilities will be calculated with the actuarial interest rate 9,8%. Moreover, after the transfer to SII, the unfulfilled other social rights and payments existed in the settlement deeds of the subjected pension funds of the transferred participants, members or the rightful owners will be continued to be fulfilled by the employer entities of the funds and its participants. Based on the results of the actuarial report prepared as of 31 December 2013, no technical deficit has been reported.

XX. EXPLANATIONS ON TAXATION

In accordance with the Article 32 of the Corporate Tax Law No: 5520, the corporate tax rate is calculated at the rate of 20%. The tax legislation requires advance tax of 20% to be calculated and paid based on earnings generated for each quarter. The amounts thus calculated and paid are offset against the corporate tax liability for the year. Accrued advance tax as of 31 March 2014 has been paid in May 2014, accrued advance tax as of 30 June 2014 will be paid in August 2014.

Tax expense is the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax charge. Current year tax liability is calculated over taxable profit. Taxable profit is different from the profit in the income statement since taxable income or deductible expenses for the following years and non-taxable and non-deductible items are excluded. Deferred tax is recognized on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date. An entity shall reduce the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the benefit of part or all of that deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset realized. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Prepaid corporation taxes and corporation tax liabilities are offset as they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on each consolidated entity's non-consolidated financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are also offset.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XX. EXPLANATIONS ON TAXATION (continued)

Tax practices in the countries that foreign branches and financial institution operate:

Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus (TRNC)

According to the tax regulations in the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus, corporate gains are subject to 10% of corporate tax and this taxed amount is subject to 15% of income tax. The tax bases for corporate are determined by adding the expenses that cannot be deducted according to TRNC regulations, to commercial gains and by subtracting exemptions and deductions from commercial gains. Income tax is paid in July and November, and corporate tax payment is made in two installments, in May and in October. On the other hand, withholding tax is paid in TRNC over interest income and similar gains of corporations. The relevant withholding tax payments are deducted from the corporate tax-payable. In the case the amount of the withholding tax collections is are higher than the corporate tax payable, the difference is deducted from income tax payable.

Bahrain

Banks in Bahrain are not subject to tax according to the regulations of the country.

Tax practices for the subsidiaries which are subject to consolidation

Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ

The Parent Bank's subsidiary, Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ, is established in the 2010. Income derived from the operations related with the investment properties is exempt from corporate tax in accordance with the Article 5/1(d) (4) of the Corporate Tax Law No: 5520. This exemption is also used for the accrued advanced tax terms.

Halk Banka AD Skopje

The Parent Bank's newly acquired subsidiary in 2011 Halk Banka AD, Skopje is subject to tax regulations in the Republic of Macedonia. A new tax regime had become effective according which the base for income tax computation had been shifted from the profit before taxes to the income "distribution" concept in the Republic of Macedonia.

"Distributions" are split into two components:

- Tax on any dividend distribution i.e. the tax base is the dividend paid,
- Tax on non deductable items i.e. the tax base is the non deductable items specified in the tax rulebook less any allowable tax credits. The tax on non deductable items is paid each month in monthly advance installments based on the previous fiscal year computation of such non deductable differences. At year end a final tax computation is prepared with a final tax settlement.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XX. EXPLANATIONS ON TAXATION (continued)

Tax practices for the subsidiaries which are subject to consolidation (continued)

As such, the new income tax regime provokes certain implications on the presentation of the tax in the financial statements which are summarized below:

(i) Tax on dividend distribution:

Tax on dividend distribution is considered to be income tax within scope of International Accounting Standards - Tax on Income ("IAS 12").

The timing of recognition of this type of income tax is to be consistent with the underlining dividend liability recognition (i.e., recognized when the dividend is paid and/or declared). As such no provisions are required for income tax arising from dividend distribution until the dividend is declared and/or paid.

When the tax on dividend distribution arises on interim (advance) dividend paid before the year end, the income tax charge is recognized and presented in the Statement of comprehensive income after profit and loss before tax as income tax expense.

When the tax on dividend distribution arises from retained earnings, it is recognized and presented in the Statement of changes in equity.

(ii) Tax on non deductable items:

Tax on non deductable items is not income tax and is out of scope of IAS 12. Accordingly, such tax expense is presented within the operating results, and related tax payable/receivable is presented within the other assets/other liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Halk Banka AD Skopje (continued)

Recognition of tax provisions:

In case of tax contingencies, provisions are made in line with International Accounting Standards – Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets adopted in the Republic of Macedonia ("IAS 37").

Such provisions are not presented as deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities, but as other assets or other liabilities.

Recognition/reversal of such tax provisions (that is not income taxes) is presented within the other expenses/other income.

XXI. ADDITIONAL EXPLANATIONS ON BORROWINGS

The Group borrows funds from domestic and foreign institutions and issues marketable securities when needed. These borrowing activities are recognized at fair value including the acquisition costs at the transaction date and they are valued at amortized costs by using the internal rate of return method.

Interest rate and liquidity risks are reduced by having assets with shorter or equal maturity terms than borrowing instruments such as syndication, securitization and borrowing with collateral and bears higher interest than costs of those instruments. Also, asset composition is designed in accordance with the fixed/variable cost nature of borrowing instruments.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XXII. EXPLANATIONS ON SHARES AND SHARE ISSUE

Share issuances related to costs are accounted under shareholders' equity. Dividend income related with the equity shares are determined by the General Assembly of the Parent Bank.

The Parent Bank has not issued any shares in the current and prior period. In accordance with the decree of the Privatization High Council dated 5 February 2007 and numbered 2007/8, the process of public offering for the 25% of shares pertaining to the Privatization Administration was completed and the Parent Bank shares were registered to the Board with the decree of the Capital Markets Board dated 26 April 2007 and numbered 16/471, and the shares were traded on the Borsa İstanbul A.Ş as of 10 May 2007.

As per the decree of the Higher Council of Privatization numbered 2012/150 and dated 4 October 2012; 23,92% of the public shares that were previously held by the Privatization Administration were privatized by a second public offering and privatization was completed on 21 November 2012.

Halk GYO has applied to CMB by 29 August 2012 for the purpose of initial public offering of the increasing amount of B group of shares TRY 185.500 notional amount which is increased from TRY 477.000 issued capital of the Halk GYO to TRY 662.500 within TRY 1.500.000 registered capital ceiling. Application was approved in accordance with the decision promulgated by CMB's numbered 4/97 on 8 February 2013. As at 15 February 2013 there has been an initial public offering of B group shares of TRY 185.000 notional amount by restricting the existent shareholders for purchasing the new shares. After the collecting the demand the Company's shares started to be traded on Borsa İstanbul AŞ at 22 February 2013.

XXIII. EXPLANATIONS ON BILL GUARANTEES AND ACCEPTANCES

Bill guarantees and acceptances are realized simultaneously with the customer payments and they are presented as possible liabilities and commitments in the off-balance sheet accounts.

XXIV. EXPLANATIONS ON GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES

None.

XXV. EXPLANATIONS ON SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment reporting focuses on business segment considering the main source and nature of the risks and returns of the Group. The Parent Bank operates mainly in corporate, commercial, entrepreneur banking and investment banking.

The report concerning parts of Group's business segmentation and related information is explained in section four, disclosure numbered XII.

XXVI. EXPLANATION ON OTHER MATTERS

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

The capital adequacy ratio calculations are made in accordance with the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks" published in Official Gazette No 28337 of 28 June 2012 and with the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks" published in the Official Gazette No.28756 dated 5 September 2013. The consolidated basis capital adequacy ratio of the Group is 13,47% as of 30 June 2014 (31 December 2013: 13,31%).

In the calculation process of credit risk, asset types, ratings and credit risk mitigators are taken into account. While simple approach is taken into account for banking book items, the Group uses comprehensive approach for trading book items in the credit mitigation process.

In the calculation process of capital adequacy ratio, the data which are compatible with current regulations are used. Furthermore, the market and operational risk are also taken into account within the framework of regulations.

The items which are deducted from shareholders' equity are not considered in the calculation of risk weighted assets (RWAs). Depleted and amortized assets are taken into consideration by net amounts which are calculated by the deduction of depreciation cost and provisions.

The amount subject to credit risk for non cash loans are considered by using the conversion rates which are defined in the 5th article of "Regulation On Measurement And Evaluation Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks". Besides, the provisions which are defined in "Regulation on Procedures and Principles for Determination of Qualifications of Loans and Other Receivables by Banks and Provisions to Be Set Aside" and taken place at the liability side of the balance sheet are also taken into consideration.

In the calculation of counterparty credit risk arising from trading account, the current exposure method is use.

%0

2.831.355

%10

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)

The Parent Bank

%75

%100

45.683.440

%150

2.862.602

%200

15.819.848

%50

800.159 13.607.349 19.073.381

1. Information on the consolidated capital adequacy ratio:

Current Period

Surplus credit risk weighted

Undertakings for collective investments in mutual funds

Other receivables

Sur plus credit risk weighted	_		000.133	13.007.349	19.073.361	45.065.440	2.002.002	15.619.646	901.950			//4.01	12 13.137.31	3 21.410.01.	47.004.001	3.094.010	15./91.902	1.100.940
Risk classifications:																		
Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks	41.958.331	-	1.010	3.307.447	-	-	-	-	-	42.101.574	-	1.01	10 3.307.44	7	- 26.981	-	-	-
Claims on regional governments or local authorities	22.976	-	128.633	-	_	-	-	-	-	22.976	-	128.63	33	_		-	-	-
Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial																		
undertakings	7.545	-	107.293	-	_	199.591	-	-	-	7.545	-	107.29	93	_	- 199.591	-	-	-
Claims on multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-
Claims on international organizations	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_		-	_		-	_	-
Claims on banks and intermediary institutions	1.018.540	-	2.239.984	1.287.781	=	101.281	_	=	-	387.009	-	2.618.67	79 1.295.96	1	- 3.478	-	-	-
Claims on corporates	349.207	-	151.011	86.515	-	41.588.896	-	-	-	331.577	-	151.01	11 86.51:	5	- 43.878.355	-	-	-
Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios	1.412.612	-	135.693	-	27.800.966	795.923	_	-	-	1.412.602	-	135.69	93	- 28.244.68	5 801.295	-	=	=
Claims secured by residential property	24.553	-	5.285	21.273.567	=	-	_	=	-	24.553	-	5.28	35 21.440.540	6		-	=	-
Overdue loans	-	-	-	144.557	-	392.762	-	-	-	-	-		- 144.55	7	- 472.247	-	-	-
Higher risk categories decided by the Board	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.022.476	7.748.620	55.884	-	-		-	-		2.063.212	7.895.981	69.369
Secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-
Securitization positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-
Short-term claims and short-term corporate claims on banks																		
and intermediary institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-
Undertakings for collective investments in mutual funds	-	-	-	-	=	=	-	-	-	=	-		-	-		-	-	-
Other receivables	2.741.860	-	722.458	-	310.773	3.348.002	-	-	245.583	2.790.389	-	722.45	58	- 310.79	7 1.702.734	-	-	397.407
									Risk W	Veight								-
				The I	Parent Bank								Con	nsolidated				
				1 110 1									Cu	iisonuateu				
Prior Period	%0	%10	%20	%50	%75	%100	%150	%200	%250	%0	%10	%20	%50	%75	%100	%150	%200	%250
Surplus credit risk weighted	%0 -	%10 -		%50	%75	%100 42.695.656	%150 2.831.976	%200 16.252.590	%250 55.233	%0 -	%10 -				%100 42.968.682	%150 2.888.553	%200 16.514.052	%250 84.843
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications:		%10 -		%50	%75					%0	%10 -		%50	%75				
Surplus credit risk weighted		%10 - -		%50 12.410.776	%75				55.233	%0 - 37.980.502	%10 -		%50	%75				
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications:	-	%10 - -	769.511	%50 12.410.776	%75				55.233	-	%10 - -	792.814	%50 12.487.852	%75	42.968.682			
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks	37.852.013	%10 - -	769.511 3.019	%50 12.410.776	%75				55.233	37.980.502	%10 - - -	792.814 3.019	%50 12.487.852	%75	42.968.682			
Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities	37.852.013	%10 - - -	769.511 3.019	%50 12.410.776	%75				55.233	37.980.502	%10 - - - -	792.814 3.019	%50 12.487.852	%75	42.968.682			
Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial	37.852.013 12.789	%10 - - -	3.019 146.101	%50 12.410.776	%75	42.695.656			55.233	37.980.502 12.789	%10 - - - -	3.019 146.101	%50 12.487.852	%75	42.968.682 45.608			
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings	37.852.013 12.789	%10 - - - - -	3.019 146.101	%50 12.410.776	%75	42.695.656			55.233	37.980.502 12.789	%10 - - - - -	3.019 146.101	%50 12.487.852	%75	42.968.682 45.608			
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings Claims on multilateral development banks	37.852.013 12.789	%10 - - - - - -	3.019 146.101	%50 12.410.776	%75	42.695.656			55.233	37.980.502 12.789	%10 - - - - -	3.019 146.101	%50 12.487.852	%75	42.968.682 45.608			
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings Claims on multilateral development banks Claims on international organizations	37.852.013 12.789 5.994	%10 - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171	%50 12.410.776 2.962.044	%75	42.695.656 - - 198.700 -			55.233	37.980.502 12.789 5.994	%10 - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171	%50 12.487.852 2.962.044	%75	42.968.682 45.608 - 198.700			
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings Claims on multilateral development banks Claims on international organizations Claims on banks and intermediary institutions	37.852.013 12.789 5.994 - 905.334	%10 - - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.847.484	%50 12.410.776 2.962.044 - - - 1.249.649 116.148	%75	42.695.656 - - 198.700 - - 77.716			55.233	37.980.502 12.789 5.994 - 484.712		3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.963.742	%50 12.487.852 2.962.044 - - - 1.274.584	%75	42.968.682 45.608 - 198.700 - 1.927			
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings Claims on multilateral development banks Claims on international organizations Claims on banks and intermediary institutions Claims on corporates	37.852.013 12.789 5.994 - 905.334 352.281	%10 - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.847.484 196.735	%50 12.410.776 2.962.044 - - - 1.249.649 116.148	%75 18.463.130	42.695.656 - 198.700 - 77.716 38.105.789			55.233	37.980.502 12.789 5.994 - - 484.712 334.475	- - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.963.742 196.992 121.908	%50 12.487.852 2.962.044 - - - 1.274.584	%75 18.849.767	42.968.682 45.608 - 198.700 - 1.927 40.159.921			
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings Claims on multilateral development banks Claims on international organizations Claims on banks and intermediary institutions Claims on corporates Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios	37.852.013 12.789 5.994 - - 905.334 352.281 1.360.345	%10 - - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.847.484 196.735 121.908	%50 12.410.776 2.962.044 - - - 1.249.649 116.148	%75 18.463.130	42.695.656 - 198.700 - 77.716 38.105.789			55.233	37.980.502 12.789 5.994 - 484.712 334.475 1.360.345	- - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.963.742 196.992 121.908	%50 12.487.852 2.962.044 - - 1.274.584 116.166	%75 18.849.767	42.968.682 45.608 - 198.700 - 1.927 40.159.921			
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings Claims on multilateral development banks Claims on international organizations Claims on banks and intermediary institutions Claims on corporates Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios Claims secured by residential property	37.852.013 12.789 5.994 - - 905.334 352.281 1.360.345		3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.847.484 196.735 121.908	%50 12.410.776 2.962.044 - - - 1.249.649 116.148 - 20.362.629	%75 18.463.130	42.695.656 - 198.700 - 77.716 38.105.789 581.744			55.233	37.980.502 12.789 5.994 - 484.712 334.475 1.360.345	- - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.963.742 196.992 121.908	%50 12.487.852 2.962.044 - - - 1.274.584 116.166 - 20.491.827	%75 18.849.767	42.968.682 45.608 - 198.700 - 1.927 40.159.921 586.462			
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings Claims on multilateral development banks Claims on international organizations Claims on banks and intermediary institutions Claims on corporates Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios Claims secured by residential property Overdue loans	37.852.013 12.789 5.994 - - 905.334 352.281 1.360.345	%10 - - - - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.847.484 196.735 121.908	%50 12.410.776 2.962.044 - - - 1.249.649 116.148 - 20.362.629	%75 18.463.130	42.695.656 - 198.700 - 77.716 38.105.789 581.744	2.831.976	16.252.590	55.233	37.980.502 12.789 5.994 - 484.712 334.475 1.360.345	- - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.963.742 196.992 121.908	%50 12.487.852 2.962.044 - - - 1.274.584 116.166 - 20.491.827	%75 18.849.767	42.968.682 45.608 - 198.700 - 1.927 40.159.921 586.462	2.888.553	16.514.052	84.843
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings Claims on multilateral development banks Claims on international organizations Claims on banks and intermediary institutions Claims on corporates Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios Claims secured by residential property Overdue loans Higher risk categories decided by the Board Secured by mortgages	37.852.013 12.789 5.994 - - 905.334 352.281 1.360.345	%10 - - - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.847.484 196.735 121.908	%50 12.410.776 2.962.044 - - - 1.249.649 116.148 - 20.362.629	%75 18.463.130	42.695.656 - 198.700 - 77.716 38.105.789 581.744	2.831.976	16.252.590	55.233	37.980.502 12.789 5.994 - 484.712 334.475 1.360.345	- - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.963.742 196.992 121.908	%50 12.487.852 2.962.044 - - - 1.274.584 116.166 - 20.491.827	%75 18.849.767	42.968.682 45.608 - 198.700 - 1.927 40.159.921 586.462	2.888.553	16.514.052	84.843
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings Claims on multilateral development banks Claims on international organizations Claims on banks and intermediary institutions Claims on corporates Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios Claims secured by residential property Overdue loans Higher risk categories decided by the Board	37.852.013 12.789 5.994 - - 905.334 352.281 1.360.345	%10 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.847.484 196.735 121.908	%50 12.410.776 2.962.044 - - - 1.249.649 116.148 - 20.362.629	%75 18.463.130	42.695.656 - 198.700 - 77.716 38.105.789 581.744	2.831.976	16.252.590	55.233	37.980.502 12.789 5.994 - 484.712 334.475 1.360.345	- - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.963.742 196.992 121.908	%50 12.487.852 2.962.044 - - - 1.274.584 116.166 - 20.491.827	%75 18.849.767	42.968.682 45.608 - 198.700 - 1.927 40.159.921 586.462	2.888.553	16.514.052	84.843
Surplus credit risk weighted Risk classifications: Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks Claims on regional governments or local authorities Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings Claims on multilateral development banks Claims on international organizations Claims on banks and intermediary institutions Claims on corporates Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios Claims secured by residential property Overdue loans Higher risk categories decided by the Board Secured by mortgages Securitization positions	37.852.013 12.789 5.994 - - 905.334 352.281 1.360.345	%10 - - - - - - - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.847.484 196.735 121.908	%50 12.410.776 2.962.044 - - - 1.249.649 116.148 - 20.362.629	%75 18.463.130	42.695.656 - 198.700 - 77.716 38.105.789 581.744	2.831.976	16.252.590	55.233	37.980.502 12.789 5.994 - 484.712 334.475 1.360.345	- - - - - - -	3.019 146.101 90.171 - 2.963.742 196.992 121.908	%50 12.487.852 2.962.044 - - - 1.274.584 116.166 - 20.491.827	%75 18.849.767	42.968.682 45.608 - 198.700 - 1.927 40.159.921 586.462	2.888.553	16.514.052	84.843

Risk Weight

2.865.474

437.091

%0 %10

%20

774.012 13.137.513

%250

901.950

Consolidated

%75

21.416.612

269.391

1.552.770

%100

47.084.681

%150

3.094.818

%200

15.791.962

%250

1.166.940

%50

437.091

3.427.940

268.563

⁽¹⁾ As of 30 June 2014, overdue finance lease receivables amounting to TRY 77.837 is included in the 100% risk weighted of overdue loans above. (31 December 2013: TRY 117.696)

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)

2. Consolidated Capital adequacy ratio summary:

		The Parent Bank		Consolida	nted
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
A	Capital to be employed for credit risk (Amount subject to credit				
	risk*0,08) (I)	8.043.447	7.478.310	8.197.323	7.566.925
В	Capital to be employed for market risk (II)	256.668	243.150	259.194	248.356
C	Capital to be employed for operational risk (III)	810.323	712.998	875.751	748.688
	Shareholders' equity ⁽¹⁾	16.383.900	14.663.982	15.715.644	14.246.513
	Shareholders' equity / (I+II+III) * 12.5*100	14,39	13,91	13,47	13,31
	Core Capital/((CRCR+MRCR+OROR)*12.5)*100	13,43	-	12,53	-
	Tier I Capital/((CRCR+MRCR+OROR)*12.5)*100	13,47	-	12,58	

⁽¹⁾ Current period capital is calculated within the scope of the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks" published in the Official Gazette No.28756 dated 5 September 2013.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)

3. Information on equity items:

COMMON POLICE TO A CARITAL	Current Period
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL Poid in Conital to be Entitled for Commonstian offer All Creditors	2 470 451
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors Share Premium	2.470.451 39.009
Share Cancellation Profits	39.009
Legal Reserves	10.559.418
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	135.604
Profit	1.273.816
Net Current Period Profit	1.134.413
Prior Period Profit	139.403
Provisions for Possible Losses	132.231
Bonus Shares from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit Minority shares	4.035
Minority shares	142.628
Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	14.757.192
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments	
Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according to TAS (-)	_
Leasehold improvements on operational leases (-)	65.695
Goodwill and intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities (-)	14.169
Net deferred tax assets / liabilities (-)	-
Shares Obtained against Article 56, Paragraph 4 of the Banking Law (-)	-
Investments in own common equity (-)	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank does not own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	_
Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) (-)	-
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) (-)	-
Amount Exceeding the 15% Threshold of Tier I Capital as per the Article 2, Clause 2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital (-)	_
Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) (-)	-
Excess Amount arising from Deferred Tax Assets from Temporary Differences (-)	-
Other items to be defined by the regulator (-) Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover	-
deductions (-)	-
Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1	79.864
Common Equity Tier 1 capital	14.677.328
ADDITIONAL TIER 1 CAPITAL	
Privileged stocks which are not included in common equity and share premiums	-
Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments (approved by the regulators) plus related stock surplus (Issued or Obtained after 1.1.2014)	-
Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments (approved by the regulators) plus related stock surplus	
(Issued or Obtained before 1.1.2014)	-
Additional shares in the capital of third parties	-
Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	-
Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Core Capital (-)	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where	
the Bank does not own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Consolidated Banks	
and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital (-)	-
Other items to be Defined by the regulator (-) Pagulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions (-)	-
Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions (-)	_

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)

3. Information on equity items: (continued)

	Current Period
Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	-
Additional Tier 1 capital	-
Regulatory adjustments to Common Equity Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-) Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	56.677
Tier 1 capital	14.620.651
TIER 2 CAPITAL	
Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments (that are approved by the regulatory) plus related stock surplus (Issued or Obtained after 01.01.2014)	-
Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments (that are approved by the regulatory) plus related stock surplus (Issued or Obtained before 01.01.2014)	-
Pledged sources on behalf of the Bank for the use of committed share capital increase by shareholders Generic Provisions	1.184.441
Additional shares in the capital of third parties	-
Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	1.184.441
Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments	
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-) Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank does not own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Core Capital and Tier II Capital of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	
Other items to be Defined by the regulator (-)	_
Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	_
Tier 2 capital	1.184.441
CAPITAL	15.805.092
Loans Granted against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law (-) Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years (-) Loans to Banks, Financial Institutions (domestic/foreign) or Qualified Shareholders in the form of Subordinated Debts or Debt Instruments Purchased from Such Parties and Qualified as Subordinated Debts (-)	35.410
Deductions as per the Article 20, Clause 2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-
Other items to be Defined by the regulator (-)	54.038
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank does not own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital, Additional Core Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Additional Core Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	_
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Additional Core Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-
EQUITY	15.715.644
Amounts below the thresholds for deduction Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Own Fund Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	15.113
Remaining total of net long positions of the investments in Tier I capital of Consolidated banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns more than 10% Or Less of the Tier I Capital	1.021.407
Remaining mortgage servicing rights Net deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	219.736

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)

3. Information on equity items: (continued)

	Prior Period
CORE CAPITAL	
Paid-in capital	1.250.000
Nominal capital	1.250.000
Capital commitments (-)	-
Adjustment to paid-in capital	1.220.451
Share premium	39.009
Share repeal	-
Legal reserves	8.063.847
Adjustment to legal reserves	-
Profit	2.917.247
Net current period profit	2.842.698
Prior period profit	74.549
Provisions for possible losses up to 25% of core capital	132.231
Profit on sale of associates, subsidiaries and buildings	-
Primary subordinated loans	_
Minority shares	162.947
Loss that is not covered with reserves (-)	-
Net current period loss	_
Prior period loss	_
Development cost of operating lease (-)	71.033
Intangible assets (-)	67.039
Deferred-assets for tax which exceeds 10% of core capital (-)	07.037
Excess amount expressed in the Law (Article 56, 3rd paragraph) (-)	-
Goodwill (Net) (-)	-
	12 (47 (60
Total Core Capital	13.647.660
SUPPLEMENTARY CAPITAL General reserves	1 142 412
	1.142.413
45% of increase in revaluation fund of movables	-
45% of increase in revaluation fund of fixed assets	2 102
Free shares from investment and associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures that is not recognized in profit	2.183
Primary subordinated loans which are ignored in the calculation of core capital	-
Secondary subordinated loans	-
45% of value increase fund of financial assets available for sale and associates and subsidiaries	(293.870)
Adjustment to paid-in capital, profit reserves and previous years losses(except adjustment to legal reserves)	-
Minority shares	-
Total Supplementary Capital	850.726
CAPITAL	14.498.386
DEDUCTIONS FROM THE CAPITAL	251.873
Equity Shares in Banks and Financial Institutions Which Are Excluded from the Consolidation	-
Loans to banks, financial institutions (domestic/foreign) or qualified shareholders in the form of secondary subordinated	
debt and debt instruments purchased from such parties qualified as primary or secondary subordinated debt	-
Shareholdings in the banks and financial institutions which are accounted for under the equity pick up method but the assets	
and liabilities are not consolidated	220.732
Loans granted being non-compliant with the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law	-
The net book value of properties exceeding 50% of equity and properties held for sale and properties and commodity to be	
disposed, acquired in exchange of loans and receivables according to the Article 57 of the Banking Law and have not been	
disposed yet after 5 years after foreclosure	29.717
Securitization Positions to be Deducted from Equity	27.111
Other	1.424
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	14.246.513
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUIT I	14.240.513

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

- I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)
- 3. Information on equity items: (continued)
- a) Information on the provisional application elements in the calculation of equity:

	The Parent Bank	Κ	Consolidated		
	Amount recognized in regulatory capital	Total	Amount recognized in regulatory capital	Total	
Minority Interest in Tier I Capital	-	-	142.628	168.377	
Shares of Third Parties in Additional Core Capital	-	-	-	-	
Shares of Third Parties in Tier II Capital	-	-	-	-	
Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments					
(approved by the regulators) plus related stock surplus					
(Issued or Obtained before 01.01.2014)	-	-	-	-	

b) Details on subordinated liabilities:

None.

4. Information on assessment process of internal capital adequacy requirements:

The Parent Bank uses economic capital model in the process of internal capital adequacy assessment process. Calculations are done by considering the confidence interval which corresponds to the rating targeted by the Parent Bank. In the analyses, credit risk, market risk, operational risk and asset - liability management risks and correlation effect are taken into account, correlation effect is considered while risks are consolidated. The Parent Bank takes one year period into account in its calculations.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK

In accordance with the Group's risk management policies, the limits are specified in respect of main and sub-sectors. That limits are monitored periodically.

The Group, in the credit allocation process, restricts its risk exposure by working with highly credible banks and entities considering the credit ratings for the purpose of managing its risks. Under the scope of credit risk management, the Parent Bank rates all of its borrowers' credit and requires additional collaterals from whose risk is higher. The Parent Bank has the policy of not granting loans/credits and/or limiting the amount of such loans/credits. The Group's risk is concentrated in Turkey. In loan procedure, limits are determined based on the type of loans and customers and risk and limit information is controlled periodically.

Loans granted to other banks and risk limits set for the correspondent bank transactions are controlled on a daily basis. Risk concentrations are monitored systematically with the Treasury department, concerning the off-balance sheet operations based on the customers and banks.

Except for the restructured loan follow-up system determined in the related communiqué, such loans are incorporated into the new rating groups or risk weightings under the risk management systems of the banks, and new precautionary measures are taken for these processes. Since long-term commitments are more risky than the short-term commitments, risks are assorted in accordance with the Parent Bank's risk management system.

As prescribed in the Communiqué on "Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions", the credit worthiness of the debtors of the loans and other receivables is monitored regularly. Credit limits are determined according to the audited statement of accounts. Guarantee factors are developed in accordance with the decision of the Parent Bank's Credit Committee and updated according to the top management's initiatives and changes in the economic conditions. The Group receives sufficient collaterals in consideration of the loans and other receivables granted. Guarantees are surety ships, immovable mortgages, cash blockages and customer or real person cheques.

When the Group is exposed to significant credit risks, it has the tendency to cease its forward or similar type of transactions by using rights, fulfilling the requirements of the acquisitions or disposing of the acquisitions to mitigate the risk total.

As of 30 June 2014, the receivables of the Group from its top 100 and 200 cash loan customers are respectively 19,69% and 24,58% of its total cash loans.

As of 30 June 2014, receivables of the Group from its top 100 and 200 non-cash loan customers are respectively 50,94% and 62,28% of its total non-cash loans.

As of 30 June 2014, share of cash and non-cash receivables of the Bank from its top 100 and 200 customers are respectively 15,40% and 19,78% of its total balance sheet and off-balance sheet assets.

As of 30 June 2014, general loan loss provision related to the credit risk incurred by the Group in accordance with the legislation on "Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions" is TRY 1.184.441 (31 December 2013: TRY 1.142.413).

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

III. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED MARKET RISK

In accordance with the Group's risk management policy framework to avoid the effect of market risk, the Bank has determined the management activities and has taken necessary precautions within the framework of "Regulation On Measurement and Evaluation Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks" published in Official Journal No 28337 of 28 June 2012 by.

The Parent Bank's Board of Directors set the risk limits by taking into account the Group's main risk factors and these limits are periodically revised in accordance with the market conditions and the Group's strategies. Furthermore, the Board of Directors ensure that, the necessary measures to be taken by risk management department and all other executives in respect of defining, measuring, monitoring and managing the risks exposed by the Group. The VAR based limits that are determined by the Board of Directors and the denominated interest rate risk of the Group's is limited to certain percentage of the shareholders' equity.

In accordance with "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks", the Group's possibility of loss that may cause due to the general market risk, currency risk, specific risk, commodity risk, clearing risk and counterparty credit risk is calculated by using the standard method. The following table discloses the amounts that are calculated using the standard method.

The Value at Risk (VaR) that is calculated by using internal model methods besides standard method is validated by scenario analysis and stress tests. The VaR is calculated daily by using historical simulation and parametric approach and the results are reported the Executives.

a) Information related to consolidated market risk:

	Current period	Previous period
(I) Capital requirement to be employed for general market risk	182.687	179.534
(II) Capital requirement to be employed for specific risk	34.485	29.441
(III) Capital requirement to be employed for specific risk in securitization		
positions- Standard Method	-	-
(IV)Capital requirement to be employed for currency risk	35.838	34.091
(V)Capital requirement to be employed for commodity risk	-	-
(VI)Capital requirement to be employed for clearing risk	-	-
(VII)Total capital requirement to be employed for counterparty credit risk-		
Standard method	1.618	96
(VIII)Capital requirement to be employed for general market risk.	4.566	5.194
(IX) Total capital requirement to be employed for market risk	-	-
(X) Amount subject to market risk (I+II+III+IV+V+VI+VII+VIII)	259.194	248.356
(XI) Market Value at Risk (12,5 x IX) or (12,5 x X)	3.239.925	3.104.450

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

III. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED MARKET RISK

Information about counterparty risk:

Counterparty credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a transaction could default before the transaction's cash flows.

Over the counter derivatives, Credit Derivatives, Securities Financing Transactions, Long Settlement Transactions, Margin Lending Transactions are subject to counterparty credit risk calculations.

The Group uses current exposure method in the calculation process of counterparty credit risk. The comprehensive financial collateral and simple financial collateral approaches are taken into account in the calculation process of counterparty credit risk of repo style transactions for trading and banking book activities, respectively.

Under the current exposure method, the Group calculates the current replacement cost by marking contracts to market, thus capturing the current exposure without any need for estimation, and then adding a factor ("add on") to reflect the potential future exposure over the remaining life of the contract.

The contracts made according to the attribute of the transaction are evaluated by taking into account ISDA and CSA frame for derivative transactions, GMRA frame for repurchase agreements. The risk is mitigated by receiving cash or other forms of collateral. In secured lending and repo transactions, the haircut amounts are reduced from the counterparty's limits.

The Bank does not take part in transactions and contracts requiring extra collateral in accordance with possible changes of credit rating. Especially, in the process of signing ISDA, CSA and GMRA contracts related to treasury transactions, it is cared about not accepting the conditional statements and invalidation of the contracts due to the reduction of Bank's rating. Because possible falls or rises in rating affects the current replacement cost, margin call agreements are used as a risk mitigator.

Gross positive fair value of contracts, the securities which are held and the net position of derivatives are disclosed below.

	Amount*
Contracts based on Interest rate	4.365
Contracts based on currency	92.935
Contracts based on commodity	-
Contracts based on stocks	-
Other	-
Gross Positive Fair Value	97.300
Benefits of clarification	-
Clarified current risk amount	-
The securities which are held	-
The net position of derivatives	97.300

^(*) Counterparty risk related to the trading accounts is included.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE OPERATIONAL RISK

In the calculation of the Group's operational risk, the "Basic Indicator Method" is used. The amount subject to operational risk is calculated once a year in accordance with the Regulation on "Measurement and Assessment of the Capital Adequacy of Banks" published in the Official Gazette numbered 28337 on 28 June 2012. In the Basic Indicator Method, the amount subject to operational risk is calculated by multiplying 15% of the Group's average gross revenue over the previous three years with 12,5. Amount subject to operational risk is TRY 10.946.889 for the current period. (31 December 2013: 9.358.597 TL).

V. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CURRENCY RISK

Foreign currency risk indicates the probability of loss that banks are subject to due to the exchange rate movements in the market. While calculating the share capital requirement, all foreign currency assets, liabilities and forward transactions of the Group are taken into consideration. Net short term and long term positions of each currency are calculated in terms of the Turkish Lira.

In accordance with "Regulation On Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks", the foreign currency position risk of the Group is measured by "standard method" and is calculated daily and is reported monthly. Also VAR based values and limits are reported to the Executives on a daily basis by using internal model methods. The currency risk has been closely followed. The Parent Bank makes derivative transactions against the currency risk, in case of need.

Announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank as at 30 June 2014 and the previous five working days in full TRY are as follows:

	23.06.2014	24.06.2014	25.06.2014	26.06.2014	27.06.2014	30.06.2014
USD	2,1150000	2,1150000	2,1100000	2,1100000	2,1050000	2,1000000
CHF	2,3589000	2,3593000	2,3630000	2,3558000	2,3580000	2,3652000
GBP	3,5926000	3,5849000	3,5810000	3,5845000	3,5769000	3,5873000
JPY	0,0207276	0,0206809	0,0207111	0,0207437	0,0207313	0,0207004
EURO	2,8739000	2,8767000	2,8787000	2,8683000	2,8700000	2,8755000

The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank for the thirty days before 30 June 2014 are as follows:

	Monthly average
USD	2,0978571
CHF	2,3384524
GBP	3,5415429
JPY	0,0205257
EURO	2.8521190

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

V. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CURRENCY RISK (continued)

Information related to the consolidated currency risk:

Current Period	EURO	USD	OTHER FC	TOTAL
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in transit,				
cheques purchased, precious metals) and balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	7.158.158	6.561.640	2.541.867	16.261.665
Banks	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	168.937		972.729
	570.557 15.231	29.821	233.235 399	45.451
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss ⁽³⁾	13.231	29.821	399	43.431
Money market placements Financial assets available-for-sale ⁽⁵⁾	759.828	1 527 (02	78.326	2.375.756
Loans ⁽²⁾	,	1.537.602		
	9.447.386	16.599.073	456.707	26.503.166
Subsidiaries, associates and entities under common control ⁽⁵⁾	206.138	1 202 750	112 207	206.138
Held-to-maturity investments	-	1.282.750	112.387	1.395.137
Derivative financial assets held for risk management	-	-	27.200	27.200
Tangible assets	-	-	37.309	37.309
Intangible assets	-	-	-	-
Other assets ⁽³⁾	733.704	850.021	41.885	1.625.610
Total assets	18.891.002	27.029.844	3.502.115	49.422.961
Liabilities				
Bank deposits	6.487.969	1.179.152	395.718	8.062.839
Foreign currency deposits	13.404.960	11.710.525	2.406.550	27.522.035
Money market balances	15.404.500	11.710.323	2.400.330	27.322.033
Funds provided from other financial institutions	6.090.569	6.359.073	41.572	12.491.214
Bonds issued	0.070.307	4.243.127	41.372	4.243.127
Sundry creditors	10.323	28.058	54	38.435
Derivative financial liabilities held for risk management	10.323	26.036	34	36.433
5	121 406	201.406	20.225	261 217
Other liabilities ⁽³⁾	121.496	201.496	38.225	361.217
Total liabilities	26.115.317	23.721.431	2.882.119	52.718.867
Net balance sheet position	(7.224.315)	3.308.413	619.996	(3.295.906)
27. 40.1		(2.220.52.1)	(407.047)	2
Net off-balance sheet position	7.225.696	(3.228.724)	(485.815)	3.511.157
Financial derivative assets ⁽⁴⁾	7.664.549	2.179.155	576.308	10.420.012
Financial derivative liabilities ⁽⁴⁾	438.853	5.407.879	1.062.123	6.908.855
Non-cash loans ⁽¹⁾	4.263.400	9.770.256	441.545	14.475.201
Prior period				
Total assets	20.408.469	26.557.729	3.082.249	50.048.447
Total liabilities	26.922.713	23.707.980	3.030.907	53.661.600
Net balance sheet position	(6.514.244)	2.849.749	51.342	(3.613.153)
Net off-balance sheet position	6.574.262	(2.867.707)	84.464	3.791.019
Financial derivative assets	7.538.178	1.528.531	521.062	9.587.771
Financial derivative liabilities	963.916	4.396.238	436.598	5.796.752
Non-cash loans ⁽¹⁾	4.025.819	9.854.410	427.717	14.307.946

⁽¹⁾ Non-cash loans are not included in the off-balance sheet position items.

⁽²⁾ Includes TRY 890.865 of foreign currency indexed loans and their accruals. (31 December 2013: 861.262 TL)

⁽³⁾ In accordance with the principles of the "Regulation on Measurement and Practices of Banks' Net Overall FC Position / Shareholders' Equity Ratio on a Consolidated and Unconsolidated Basis", derivative financial instruments foreign currency income accruals (TRY 55.306), foreign currency intangible assets (TRY 16.745), prepaid expenses (TRY 114) in assets; and derivative financial instruments foreign currency expense accruals (TRY 36.114) and shareholders' equity (TRY 186.764) and foreign currency minority shares (TRY 2.011) in liabilities are not taken into consideration in the currency risk measurement.

⁽⁴⁾ Financial derivative assets include forward precious metal purchase transactions amounted to TRY 715.486.

⁽⁵⁾ Macar Halkbank (TRY 2.063) and International Garagum Bank (TRY 250), followed as available for sale items in foreign currency, are presented in financials with their historical costs since they are non-monetary financial items.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items are measured by the Group. The Group's interest rate risk is calculated using the general and specific interest rate risk tables in the standard method including the assets and liabilities and is considered as a part of the general market risk in the calculation of the capital adequacy standard ratio.

The priority of the Parent Bank's risk management department is to avoid the effects of the interest rate volatility. Sensitivity analysis performed within this context is calculated by the risk management department and reported to the Asset-Liability Committee.

Simulations on interest income are performed in connection with the forecasted economic indicators used in the budgeting process of the Parent Bank. The effects of the fluctuations in the market interest rates on the financial position and on the cash flows are minimized by revising budget targets. The Parent Bank's funding costs of TRY and foreign exchange deposits, repurchase agreements are determined by the Treasury Vice Presidency.

Since the Parent Bank does not permit maturity mismatches or imposes limits on the mismatch, significant interest rate risk exposures are not expected.

	Up to 1	1-3	3-12		5 years and	Non-interest	
Current period	month	months	Months	1-5 years	over	bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash,							
money in transit, cheques purchased,							
precious metals) and balances with the							
Central Bank of Turkey	48.349	-	-	-	-	17.414.149	17.462.498
Banks and financial institutions	516.158	205.550	2.517	-	346	543.140	1.267.711
Financial assets at fair value through profit							
and loss	46.020	13.185	57.591	13.658	4.365	1.433	136.252
Money market placements	7.714	262.666	-	-	-	-	270.380
Financial assets available-for-sale	2.506.057	491.448	1.800.874	1.788.474	2.873.693	19.493	9.480.039
Loans	32.868.383	9.130.978	23.190.187	20.359.624	3.597.679	2.494.557	91.641.408
Held-to-maturity investments	9.379.751	1.183.750	1.784.163	2.208.023	4.175.197	-	18.730.884
Other assets ^{(1), (2)}	242.877	445.986	508.730	1.274.000	108.123	4.203.663	6.783.379
Total assets	45.615.309	11.733.563	27.344.062	25.643.779	10.759.403	24.676.435	145.772.551

Liabilities	4.2.52.200	500.054	256.522			5.265.502	10 505 465
Bank deposits	4.353.388	590.054	276.522	-	-	7.365.503	12.585.467
Other deposits	42.264.037	17.600.218	5.559.382	246.813	126	15.422.128	81.092.704
Money market balances	9.618.536	409.995	-	-	-		10.028.531
Sundry creditors	759.886	38.980	939.276	22.420	.	75.601	1.836.163
Bonds issued	62.920	-	479.576	2.615.104	1.565.103	443.130	5.165.833
Funds provided from other financial							
institutions ⁽⁴⁾	2.896.620	3.566.803	5.089.188	1.910.745	241.675	24.827	13.729.858
Other liabilities ⁽³⁾	1.591.284	76.520	957.093	817	-	18.708.281	21.333.995
Total liabilities	61.546.671	22.282.570	13.301.037	4.795.899	1.806.904	42.039.470	145.772.551
Balance sheet long position	_	_	14.043.025	20.847.880	8.952.499		43.843.404
Balance sheet short position	(15.931.362)	(10.549.007)	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(17.363.035)	(43.843.404)
Off-balance sheet long position	105.046	104.780	340.276	24.704	337.607		912.413
Off-balance sheet short position	(92.035)	(1.555)	(428.709)	(21.223)	(337.331)	-	(880.853)
Total position	(15.918.351)	(10.445.782)	13.954.592	20.851.361	8.952.775	(17.363.035)	31.560

⁽¹⁾ TRY 176.821 of deferred tax assets is disclosed under the non interest bearing column in other assets and TRY 2.848 of deferred tax liability is disclosed under the non interest bearing column in other liabilities.

⁽²⁾ TRY 538.967 of non-performing loans with no specific provision are disclosed under the non-interest bearing column in other assets.

⁽³⁾ Shareholders' equity balance is disclosed under the non-interest bearing column in other liabilities line.

⁽⁴⁾ Funds provided from other financial institutions include borrowings.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK (continued)

1. Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items based on repricing dates (continued):

	Up to 1	1-3	3-12		5 years and	Non-interest	
Prior period	month	months	months	1-5 years	over	bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash,							
money in transit, cheques purchased,							
precious metals) and balances with the							
Central Bank of Turkey	44.863	-	-	-	-	19.976.532	20.021.395
Banks and financial institutions	1.609.825	41.900	3.597	-	-	253.453	1.908.775
Financial assets at fair value through profit							
and loss	71.262	34.757	33.361	38.591	5.064	2.285	185.320
Money market placements	5.894	224.790	-	-	-	-	230.684
Financial assets available-for-sale	3.144.728	577.210	919.915	2.231.002	2.938.485	16.609	9.827.949
Loans	27.002.168	14.937.717	17.089.045	20.117.591	3.397.759	1.987.967	84.532.247
Held-to-maturity investments	9.372.162	1.603.846	1.347.360	2.776.533	3.873.697	-	18.973.598
Other assets ^{(1),(2)}	146.848	275.099	522.559	997.360	158.806	3.755.642	5.856.314
Total assets	41.397.750	17.695.319	19.915.837	26.161.077	10.373.811	25.992.488	141.536.282
T :-L014:							
Liabilities	5.825.580	306.452	300.159			3.585.113	10.017.304
Bank deposits				176,006	160		
Other deposits	46.932.167	19.249.198	8.913.188	176.096	100	15.107.066	90.377.875
Money market balances	771.416	490.060	- 004.565	0.020	-	171 574	1.261.476
Sundry creditors	581.718	36.279	894.565	9.029	1 217 7 42	171.574	1.693.165
Bonds issued	38.663	30.694	1.001.133	1.763.434	1.317.742	-	4.151.666
Funds provided from other financial	2.712.027	2 010 010	6 020 400	1.017.540	600 201	5.250	15.006.252
institutions ⁽⁴⁾	2.712.827	3.910.918	6.039.498	1.817.549	600.301	5.259	15.086.352
Other liabilities ⁽³⁾	1.235.127	99.493	486.191	9.640	-	17.117.993	18.948.444
Total liabilities	58.097.498	24.123.094	17.634.734	3.775.748	1.918.203	35.987.005	141.536.282
Balance sheet long position	-	-	2.281.103	22.385.329	8.455.608	-	33.122.040
Balance sheet short position	(16.699.748)	(6.427.775)	-	-	-	(9.994.517)	(33.122.040)
Off-balance sheet long position	12.410	10.146	6.893	_	_	_	29.449
Off-balance sheet short position	(12.020)	(10.535)	(6.896)	_	_	_	(29.451)
Total position	(16.699.358)	(6.428.164)	2.281.100	22.385.329	8.455.608	(9.994.517)	(2)

⁽¹⁾ TRY 16.771 of deferred tax assets is disclosed under the non-interest bearing column in other assets and TRY 2.456 of deferred tax liability is disclosed under the non interest bearing column in other liabilities.

⁽²⁾ TRY 436.680 of non-performing loans with no specific provision is disclosed under the non-interest bearing column in other assets.

⁽³⁾ Shareholders' equity balance is disclosed under the non-interest bearing column.

⁽⁴⁾ Funds provided from other financial institutions include borrowings.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK (continued)

2. Average interest rates applied to financial instruments:

Current period	EURO	USD	JPY	TRY
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in				
transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the				
Central Bank of Turkey (6)	0,50	-	-	3,50
Due from other banks and financial institutions ⁽¹⁾	0,61	-	-	10,22
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	2,09	-	8,13
Money market placements	-	-	-	-
Available-for-sale financial assets	5,33	5,89	-	9,25
Loans ⁽²⁾	4,90	4,89	-	11,85
Held-to-maturity investments	-	5,94	-	9,26
Liabilities				
Bank deposits	0,22	1,42	=	8,88
Other deposits (4)	2,43	2,23	0,25	9,19
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	9,19
Sundry creditors ⁽³⁾	_	_	-	3,56
Bonds issued	-	3,28	-	8,93
Funds provided from other financial institutions	1,44	1,64	-	7,30

Prior Period	EURO	USD	JPY	TRY
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in				
transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the				
Central Bank of Turkey ⁽⁵⁾	0,1-0,50	-	-	3,50
Due from other banks and financial institutions ⁽¹⁾	0,28	0,41	-	8,48
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	3,20	-	9,80
Money market placements	-	_	-	· -
Available-for-sale financial assets	5,41	6,00	-	8,47
Loans ⁽²⁾	4,26	4,15	-	11,04
Held-to-maturity investments	-	5,89	-	8,95
Liabilities				
Bank deposits	0,53	1,29	=	8,83
Other deposits	2,82	2,64	0,25	8,19
Money market borrowings	0,55	1,09	-	6,00
Sundry creditors	-	-	-	3,56
Bonds issued	-	4,38	-	9,13
Funds provided from other financial institutions ⁽⁴⁾	1,15	1,68	-	7,95

⁽¹⁾ Interest rates are calculated using weighted average method for money placement amounts as of balance sheet date.

⁽²⁾ Interest rates are calculated using weighted average method for loans given as of balance sheet date. Calculated rates may vary from Bank's announced interest rates.

^{(3) 75%} of the declared maximum deposits interest rate with a maturity of six months as of 30 June 2014.

⁽⁴⁾ Customer based calculated stock interest rates are applied to TRY and FC deposits as of 30 June 2014.

⁽⁵⁾ Required reserve ratio of the Central Bank of TRNC and Central Bank of Macedonia.

⁽⁶⁾ Required reserve ratio of the Central Bank of TRNC.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK (continued)

3. The interest rate risk of the banking book items:

The Parent Bank's standard interest rate shock methods are being used on a daily basis in respect of measuring the risk arising from repricing mismatch of asset and liability items. The duration within the limits are determined by BRSA that obtained from the calculation intended for demand deposits by using core deposit and duration analysis is taken into account.

The interest rate risk of the banking book items is calculated by taking into account the worst ratio for the Parent Bank among the calculated ratios by dividing the total of the differences in terms of maturities and currencies with the shareholders' equity. The mentioned difference is the difference between the net position amounts which are derived from the cash flows of the onbalance and off-balance sheet positions included in the interest sensitive banking book items discounted by the ratios derived from the application of positive and negative shocks, and the net position amounts which are discounted by the ratios without applying the shocks. The maximum limit regarding the economic value change is 20% of shareholders' equity.

While maturity distribution of the related cash flows, remaining maturities are taken into account for fixed rate instruments and repricing dates are taken into account for flexible interest instruments. Non-performing loans are placed to relevant maturity periods except demand time interval that are not than not be less than six months by taking into account receiving durations are receivables ratios under other receivables and estimated receiving durations. Foreign currency indexed asset and liabilities are placed to related forms by taking into accounts their indexed currency types.

In defining the maturity of demand deposits, average durations which are calculated by statistical analysis are being used.

The impact on financial statements regarding interest rate instabilities stated below as divided by the Parent Bank's different currencies.

		Gains/Shareholders'
Applied Shock (+/- x basis points)	Gains/ Losses	Equity – Losses/ Shareholders' Equity
500	(2.023.036)	(%12,35)
(400)	2.124.953	%12,97
200	427.321	%2,61
(200)	(460.949)	(%2,81)
200	60.413	%0,37
(200)	14.845	%0,09
,	1.678.849	%10,25
	(1.535.302)	(%9,37)
	(+/- x basis points) 500 (400) 200 (200) 200	(+/- x basis points) 500 (2.023.036) (400) 2.124.953 200 427.321 (200) (460.949) 200 60.413 (200) 14.845 1.678.849

	Currency	Applied Shock (+/- x basis points)	Gains/ Losses	Gains/Shareholders' Equity – Losses/ Shareholders' Equity
1	TRY	500	(1.944.449)	(%13.26)
		(400)	2.029.290	%13.84
2	EURO	200	398.381	%2.72
		(200)	(429.990)	(%2.93)
3	USD	200	57.709	%0.39
		(200)	(11.397)	(%0.08)
	Total (For negative shocks)		1.587.903	%10.83
	Total (For positive shocks)		(1.488.359)	(%10.15)

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED POSITION RISK OF SHARES

Information about position risk of shares:

	Comparison					
	Balance Sheet	Fair Value				
Equities	Value	Change	Market Value			
1. Associates	226.905	-	-			
Quoted in a stock exchange	-	-	-			
2. Subsidiaries	30.604	30.604	-			
Quoted in a stock exchange	-	-	-			

Realized gains/losses, revaluation surpluses and unrealized gains/losses on equity securities and results included in core and supplementary capitals:

		apprecia	lluated tion in the value	Unre	alized gains	and losses
Portfolio	Realized gains (losses) in the current period	Total	Included to core capital	Total	Included to total core capital	Included to core capital
1. Private equity investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Share Certificates quoted in a stock exchange	-	-	- 2.720	-	-	-
3. Other share certificates	-	3.730	3.730	-	-	-
Total	_	3.730	3.730	-	-	_

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK

The liquidity risk occurs when there is insufficient cash or cash inflows to meet the cash outflows fully and timely. Liquidity risk may also occur when the market penetration is not adequate, when the open position cannot be closed immediately at the suitable prices in sufficient amounts due to barriers and break-ups in the markets.

Meeting the liquidity needs of the Parent Bank, domestic and foreign markets are being used. Due to the fact that the Bank's liquidity need is at low levels, the bank may provide funding easily (CB, ISEM, interbank money market and other markets). When it is considered that local and foreign currency deposit account's interest rates are lower than the peer group's averages it can be realized that the Parent Bank will be able to increase its market share if necessary. The money market borrowing facilities and the Eurobond portfolio of the Parent Bank provides an important potential funding opportunity to the Parent Bank.

The main funding source of the Group is deposit accounts. Nonetheless, the securities portfolio is mainly composed of available for sale and held to maturity securities.

The Board of Directors of the Parent Bank monitors both the BRSA and contingency plan liquidity ratios. The liquidity opportunities which will be applied in case of a liquidity shortage are defined in the contingency plans.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK (continued)

1. Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:

The Parent Bank follows up and measures the consistency of payments comparing its assets and liabilities with the interest rates on a daily and transactional basis.

		Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	5 years and		
Current period	Demand	month	months	Months	years	over	Undistributed	Total
Assets								
Cash (cash in TRY, foreign currency cash, money in transit, cheques purchased, precious metals) and balances with the								
Central Bank of Turkey	2.783.408	4.564.996	6.831.145	3.088.921	193.607	421	-	17.462.498
Banks	543.140	491.971	229.737	2.517	_	346	-	1.267.711
Financial assets at fair value through profit								
and loss	-	46.009	13.293	50.801	20.839	4.377	933	136.252
Money market placements	-	7.714	262.666	_	_	_	-	270.380
Financial assets available-for-sale	-	188.600	378.435	1.330.128	2.860.090	4.703.293	19.493	9.480.039
Loans ⁽²⁾	849.110	7.685.366	6.891.704	30.371.851	39.118.947	6.724.430	-	91.641.408
Held-to-maturity investments	-	553.263	1.403.688	3.164.528	4.129.924	9.479.481	-	18.730.884
Other assets (3)	662.924	222.334	457.391	517.749	1.274.091	108.151	3.540.739	6.783.379
Total assets	4.838.582	13.760.253	16.468.059	38.526.495	47.597.498	21.020.499	3.561.165	145.772.551
Liabilities								
Bank deposits	7.365.503	4.353.388	590.054	276.522	-	-	-	12.585.467
Other deposits	15.422.128	42.253.787	17.579.029	5.497.827	335.081	4.852	-	81.092.704
Funds provided from other financial								
institutions (4)	3.573	2.929.010	1.251.522	4.302.712	3.710.335	1.515.468	17.238	13.729.858
Money market balances	-	9.618.536	409.995	-	-	-	-	10.028.531
Bonds issued	443.130	62.920	-	479.576	2.615.104	1.565.103	-	5.165.833
Sundry creditors	58.041	784.869	94.627	280.171	592.973	63	25.419	1.836.163
Other liabilities (1)	3.774.330	372.868	122.691	1.545.260	231.793	183.825	15.103.228	21.333.995
Total liabilities	27.066.705	60.375.378	20.047.918	12.382.068	7.485.286	3.269.311	15.145.885	145.772.551
Liquidity gap	(22.228.123)	(46.615.125)	(3.579.859)	26.144.427	40.112.212	17.751.188	(11.584.720)	
Previous period								
Total assets	6.825.206	12.742.304	14.807.810	37.809.100	47.022.154	19.455.377	2.874.331	141.536.282
Total liabilities	22.103.258	54.959.959	21.354.924	18.957.867	6.479.275	3.576.989	14.104.010	141.536.282
Liquidity gap	(15.278.052)	(42.217.655)	(6.547.114)	18.851.233	40.542.879	15.878.388	(11.229.679)	

⁽¹⁾ Shareholders' equity is disclosed in other liabilities line under the undistributed column.

IX. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED SECURITIZATION POSITIONS:

Securitization positions:

None.

⁽²⁾ TRY 538.967 of non-performing loans with no specific provision, is disclosed in other assets line under the undistributed column.

⁽³⁾ Other asset items which are not expected to be converted into cash in short term but required for continuity of banking operations like tangible and intangible assets, office supply inventory, associates and subsidiaries, prepaid expenses, deferred tax assets and receivables from NPL are disclosed in other assets under the undistributed column.

⁽⁴⁾ Funds provided from other financial institutions include borrowings.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

X. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK MITIGATION TECHNIQUES:

Credit risk mitigation techniques:

The Group does not apply any netting process on balance sheet and off balance sheet items.

The risk mitigators that are used in credit process are stated below:

- Financial collaterals (Government securities, cash, deposit pledge, gold, stock pledge)
- Guarantees
- Mortgage (In the implementation of the Basel II, although, risk mortgage loans evaluated as a class, in terms of valuation methods and concentrations they are also given in this section).

The financial collaterals are revaluated by daily basis by the Parent Bank. The credibility of guarantors is monitored within the framework of credit revision periods.

The value of the mortgages is being revalued during the credit period.

The revaluation of the mortgages whose value are more than TRY 3.000 or 5% of the Parent Bank's shareholders' equity are being made by the firms authorized by BRSA or Capital Market Board.

Only Treasury and the Group's guarantees are taken into account as risk mitigator within the framework of BRSA regulations. Besides, the credibility of Banks is reviewed periodically.

The volatility of mortgage portfolio is monitored closely by the Group and the market fluctuations are considered in credit activities.

Standard volatility adjustments are taken into account regarding to portfolios in which comprehensive approach is used.

Information about guaranties according to risk classifications:

Risk Classifications	Amount	Financial guaranties	Other/Physical guaranties	Guarantees and credit derivatives
Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks	45.437.012	7.690.739	-	-
Claims on regional governments or local authorities	151.609	25.858	-	-
Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings	314.429	10.439	-	-
Claims on multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-
Claims on international organizations	-	-	-	-
Claims on banks and intermediary institutions	4.305.127	-	-	-
Claims on corporate	44.447.458	571.613	-	295.109
Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios	30.594.275	1.645.033	-	152.242
Claims secured by residential property	21.470.384	29.950	-	-
Overdue loans	616.804	-	-	-
Higher risk categories decided by the Board	10.028.562	-	-	-
Secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-
Securitization positions	-	-	-	-
Short-term claims and short-term corporate claims on banks and				
intermediary institutions	-	-	-	-
Undertakings for collective investments in mutual funds	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	5.923.785	-	-	-
Total	163.289.445	9.973.632		447.351

(*)In the determination of the amounts, the non-cash loans and other off-balance sheet items are taken into account after being multiplied by credit conversion rates.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED RISK MANAGEMENT TARGET AND POLICIES:

Risk management target and policies:

Credit Risk:

The Parent Bank's credit authorization limits are defined with respect to Head Office, Regional Directories and Branch Basis. Credit origination and marketing activities are completely separated. The main point here is about to the Loan Department that related to credit expansion performance should not placed in loan granting process. Credit allocation monitoring processes are carried out by Credit Risk Monitoring Department which is an independent unit. The risk measurement activities are being carried out by the Risk Management Department which reports to Audit Committee directly.

In the process of credit assessment process, rating modules are used by the Group and risk mitigators are defined with respect to rating categories. Rating modules are subject to validation process and the discrimination power of the module is calculated periodically.

The expected loss amount is estimated by the Group and the Parent Bank analyses whether own funds will be able to compensate the loss. Furthermore, the effect of possible shocks is analyzed periodically by scenario analysis and stress tests.

The concentration limits are defined in respect of main and sub-sectors.

Overdue loans and their customer segmentations and sectors are periodically monitored.

Foreign Exchange Risk:

The Risk Management Department of the Parent Bank measures the foreign exchange risk of the Group.

The risks that arising from the exchange rate volatility are calculated by using either standard method or internal model methods by Risk Management Department on a daily basis.

The trading loss of the Group is restricted by using VaR based limits. Besides, stop loss limits are also defined for foreign exchange transactions. The Group defines limits with respect to the nominal short or long foreign exchange position.

Interest Rate Risk:

The activities regarding the measurement of the Group's interest rate risk are carried out by Risk Management Department.

The risks arising from the interest rate volatility are measured both for trading and banking book items. Whereas standardized method and internal models are used in the measurement process of trading items, standard interest rate shock method and duration analysis are used in the measurement process of banking book items.

The economic value decline which will be occurred due to the interest rate risk in the banking book is restricted by a certain percentage of shareholders' equity. Furthermore, the interest rate risk which will be raised from the trading book items is restricted by VaR based limits.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED RISK MANAGEMENT TARGET AND POLICIES (continued)

Risk management target and policies (continued):

Liquidity Risk:

The Group's liquidity risk measurement activities are carried out by Risk Management Department.

Both BRSA and Basel III liquidity ratios are taken into account in liquidity risk measurement process. Moreover, the strategies that will be implemented in case of the Group's liquidity shocks are determined by liquidity contingency plan. The Parent Bank's duration mismatch of asset and liability items is monitored daily basis and the liquidity deficit which will be occurred due to the maturity mismatch is restricted by setting a limit.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED BUSINESS SEGMENTATION

The Group's operations are grouped under the corporate, commercial, integrated and treasury/investment banking categories. Branches are grouped considering the information above and are scaled according to the classification shown in the table below, with the classification reflected to the head office and branches.

The Parent Bank is rendering services to a wide range of companies in all sectors, especially to Small and Medium Size Enterprises (SME) as well as individuals having consumer status. In this context, the Parent Bank has no restrictions on the area in which it operates.

The Parent Bank categorizes its real and legal entities that it renders services into three groups as; firms, individual customers and other customers.

Firms are composed of traders and small-scale retailers having real and legal entity status. Within the Parent Bank's application, firms are segmented as corporate firms, commercial firms, enterprising business firms, small size enterprises and small-scale retailers.

Individual customers are real entities without having any commercial or professional purposes other than their individual demands in the Parent Bank's application.

Other customers are referred to as associations, organizations, trade unions, foundations, societies, building managements, parent-teacher associations and similar institutions that are not included in the afore-mentioned classification.

The following are the services provided by the Parent Bank to all of its customers:

- Accepting deposits,
- Issuance of cash, noncash loans,
- All kinds of reimbursements and cash receipt operations, including cash and deposit reimbursements, fund transfers, correspondent banking transactions and use of checking accounts,
- Purchasing cheques and bank bills,
- Performing custody services,
- Issuing payment instruments such as; credit cards, cash cards and travel cheques, and performing related transactions,
- Including spot transactions, foreign exchange transactions, trading of money market securities, bullion trading and/or performing the related custody services,
- Trading of forward transaction agreements, option agreements and financial instruments with more than one derivative instrument and performing the related intermediary services based on the economic and financial indicators, capital markets instruments, commodities, precious metals and exchange rates,
- Assuming guarantee transactions such as; warranties and other liabilities in favor of others,
- Having intermediary transactions on Interbank money transfer, insurance agency services,
- Rendering insurance agency transactions,
- Acting as a market maker in trade operations in accordance with liabilities assumed within
 the context of the agreement composed by the Turkish Treasury and/or Central Bank and
 associations,
- Trading capital market instruments and performing repurchase and reverse repotransactions,
- Acting as an intermediary in the sale process of capital market instruments by means of issuing instruments or through a public offering,
- Trading the capital market instruments issued for the purpose of performing intermediary services.

Under the Treasury transactions, medium and long-term fund provision is performed through securities exchange, money market operations, spot and time TRY and foreign exchange transactions, derivative instruments (such as; forwards, swaps, futures and options), syndication and securitization, etc.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED BUSINESS SEGMENTATION (continued)

Details of the segment information prepared in accordance with the Act on "Disclosure of Financial Statements of Banks and The Related Presentations and Notes" as of 30 June 2014 are presented in the table below.

				Treasury /			
Current Period	Corporate	Commercial	Integrated	Investment ⁽¹⁾	Other ⁽³⁾	Elimination(2)	Total
OPERATING INCOME / EXPENSES Interest income	882.157	619.983	5.588.796	4.508.179	110.518	(5.916.507)	5.793.126
Interest income Interest on loans	511.325	523.988	2.928.751	4.308.179 224.331	110.318	(3.916.307)	3.793.120 4.188.395
Interest on toans Interest income on marketable securities	311.323	323.900	2.920./31	1.474.792	17.711	-	1.492.503
	-	-	-	11.731	3.710	-	
Interest received from banks Other interest income ⁽²⁾	370.832	95.995	2.660.045	2.797.325	89.097	(5.916.507)	15.441 96.787
Interest expense	556.977	353.343	4.452.952	3.803.968	41.864		3.292.597
Interest expense Interest on deposits	330.977	83.600	2.118.126	3.803.908 182.341	41.804	(5.916.507)	2.701.328
	1.500	6.720	8.155	102.541	40.704	-	168.650
Interest on borrowings Interest on money market borrowings	1.300	0.720	8.133	271.445	40.704	-	271.445
,	-	-	-		1 160	-	
Interest on marketable bonds issued	238.216	263.023	2.326.671	115.126	1.160	(5.01(.507)	116.286
Other interest expense ⁽²⁾				3.123.485		(5.916.507)	34.888
Net interest income	325.180	266.640	1.135.844	704.211	68.654	-	2.500.529
Net fees and commissions income	80.692	47.637	283.283	41.778	(12.400)	-	440.990
Net trading profit / (loss)	-	-	-	20.522	7.606	-	28.128
Dividend income	-	-	-	11.564	3.553	-	15.117
Other income	2.942	52.110	151.919	51.381	219.883	-	478.235
Loans and other receivables' impairment							
loss	55.012	89.006	180.767	61.883	49.537	-	436.205
Other expenses	8.481	30.861	646.412	781.931	132.985	-	1.600.670
Income before taxes	345.321	246.520	743.867	(14.358)	104.774	-	1.426.124
Income tax provision	-	-	-	(270.940)	(15.441)	-	(286.381)
Net profit for the period	345.321	246.520	743.867	(285.298)	89.333	-	1.139.743
SEGMENT ASSETS							
Marketable securities	_	-	_	27.997.439	260.922	_	28.258.361
Derivative financial assets held for trading				88.814	-		88.814
Banks and money market receivables	_	_	_	1.529.266	8.825	_	1.538.091
Associates and subsidiaries (net)	_	_	_	257.509	-	_	257.509
Loans	14.472.221	14.059.896	55.557.219	8.091.039	_	_	92.180.375
Other assets ⁽¹⁾	1.613	11.342	828.885	20.052.262	2.555.299	_	23.449.401
TOTAL ASSETS	14.473.834	14.071.238	56.386.104	58.016.329	2.825.046	-	145.772.551
Deposits	10.389.591	3.468.740	64.242.406	15.577.434			93.678.171
Derivative financial liabilities held for	10.507.571	5.100.710	0 1.2 12. 100	13.377.131			75.070.171
trading	_	_		68.428	817	_	69.245
Money market balances	-	-	-	10.028.531	017	-	10.028.531
Borrowing funding loans	18.090	286.344	395.264	11.567.513	1.462.647	- -	13.729.858
Bonds issued	18.090	200.344	393.204	5.065.641	100.192	-	5.165.833
Other liabilities	167.911	170.945	3.137.090	1.689.097	157.802	-	5.322.845
	37.424	23.524	124.610	2.303.020	638.780	-	3.322.843
Provisions and tax payable	37.424	23.324	124.010			-	
Shareholders' equity	- 10 (12 01 (2 0 40 552		13.857.246	793.464	-	14.650.710
TOTAL LIABILITIES	10.613.016	3.949.553	67.899.370	60.156.910	3.153.702		145.772.551
OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	10.830.146	7.119.544	14.761.122	37.477.806	672.134	_	70.860.752
Guarantees and surety ships	10.784.328	6.540.697	7.543.655	3.407.489	49.135	-	28.325.304
Commitments	45.818	578.847	7.217.467	10.908.693	273.696	_	19.024.521
		0,0.01/	, . _ _ ,				17.021

⁽¹⁾ Amounts arising from transactions of general directorate are presented under the treasury / investment column. In this context net of property, plant and equipment amounting TRY 1.541.682 (net) and deferred tax assets amounting TRY 176.821 in other assets are presented under the Treasury / Investment column.

⁽²⁾ Net fund transfer pricing amounts are distributed in other interest income and other interest expense sections.

⁽³⁾ Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ, Halk Sigorta AŞ, Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ, Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ. and Halk Faktoring AŞ. transactions are shown in other column.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED BUSINESS SEGMENTATION (continued)

Details of the segment information prepared in accordance with the Act on "Disclosure of Financial Statements of Banks and The Related Presentations and Notes" as of 31 December 2013 are presented in the table below.

				Treasury /			
Prior Period	Corporate	Commercial	Integrated	Investment(1)	Other ⁽³⁾	Elimination(2)	Total
OPERATING INCOME / EXPENSES							
(30 June 2013)							
Interest income	555.259	441.357	4.207.801	3.296.475	61.812	(4.087.984)	4.474.720
Interest on loans	354.331	364.434	2.539.178	200.655	-	-	3.458.598
Interest income on marketable securities	-	-	-	938.109	13.068	-	951.177
Interest received from banks	-	-	-	8.141	4	-	8.145
Other interest income ⁽²⁾	200.928	76.923	1.668.623	2.149.570	48.740	(4.087.984)	56.800
Interest expense	299.069	246.513	3.277.044	2.201.126	19.185	(4.087.984)	1.954.953
Interest on deposits	165.623	71.520	1.399.975	71.328	-	-	1.708.446
Interest on borrowings	1.331	7.224	6.258	81.304	17.587	-	113.704
Interest on money market borrowings	-	-	-	22.379	-	-	22.379
Interest on marketable bonds issued	-	-	-	79.486	1.598		81.084
Other interest expense ⁽²⁾	132.115	167.769	1.870.811	1.946.629	-	(4.087.984)	29.340
Net interest income	256.190	194.844	930.757	1.095.349	42.627	-	2.519.767
Net fees and commissions income	75.981	49.358	278.406	7.534	(3.946)	-	407.333
Net trading profit / (loss)	-	-	-	314.767	1.138	-	315.905
Dividend income	-	-	-	2.849	2.052	-	4.901
Other income	37.709	28.659	171.629	(10.810)	298.550	-	525.737
Loans and other receivables' impairment loss	15.210	52.975	198.787	148.694	14.755	-	430.421
Other expenses	14.650	33.695	579.174	714.856	214.412	-	1.556.787
Income before taxes	340.020	186.191	602.831	546.139	111.254	-	1.786.435
Income tax provision	-	-	-	(337.881)	(19.551)	-	(357.432)
Net profit for the period	340.020	186.191	602.831	208.258	91.703	-	1.429.003
(31 December 2013) Marketable securities Designating fragmental assets held for trading	-	-	-	28.549.315	297.888	-	28.847.203
Derivative financial assets held for trading	_	_	_	139.664	277.000	_	139.664
Banks and money market receivables	-	-	-	2.118.646	20.813	-	2.139.459
Associates and subsidiaries (net)	-	-	-	257.655	-	-	257.655
Loans	13.130.413	12.780.356	51.364.586	7.693.572	-	-	84.968.927
Other assets ⁽¹⁾	1.582	11.057	883.741	22.035.152	2.251.842	-	25.183.374
TOTAL ASSETS	13.131.995	12.791.413	52.248.327	60.794.004	2.570.543	-	141.536.282
SEGMENT LIABILITIES (31 December 2013)							
Deposits	12.756.670	4.518.277	67.171.161	15.949.071	_	_	100.395.179
Derivative financial liabilities held for trading	-		-	43.852	9.640	_	53.492
Money market balances	_	_	_	1.261.476	7.010	_	1.261.476
Borrowing funding loans	20.257	315.600	417.038	12.965.143	1.368.314	_	15.086.352
Bonds issued	20.237	313.000	-	4.051.508	100.158	_	4.151.666
Other liabilities	111.541	201.343	2.939.419	1.141.664	144.417	_	4.538.384
Provisions and tax payable	21.488	21.027	120.307	1.950.006	565.890	_	2.678.718
Shareholders' equity	21.400	21.027	120.507	12.666.829	704.186	_	13.371.015
TOTAL LIABILITIES	12.909.956	5.056.247	70.647.925	50.029.549	2.892.605	_	141.536.282
TOTAL EMBERIES	12.707.750	3.030.247	70.047.723	30.027.347	2.072.003		141.330.202
OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	40 =		40.000.00	22.42.42.	40		Z = Z22 25 -
(31 December 2013)	13.747.124	6.826.696	13.509.606	33.181.287	435.272	-	67.699.985
Guarantees and surety ships	13.710.270	6.326.256	6.746.366	255.285	82.252	-	27.120.429
Commitments	36.854	500.440	6.763.240	12.021.668	206.600	-	19.528.802
Derivative financial instruments		-	-	20.904.334	146.420	-	21.050.754

⁽¹⁾ Amounts arising from transactions of general directorate are presented under the treasury / investment column. In this context net of property, plant and equipment amounting TRY 1.463.302 (net) and deferred tax assets amounting TRY 16.771 in other assets are presented under the Treasury / Investment column.

⁽²⁾ Net fund transfer pricing amounts are distributed in other interest income and other interest expense sections.

⁽³⁾ Halk Hayat Emeklilik AŞ, Halk Sigorta AŞ, Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ and Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ transactions are shown in other column.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XIII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO TRANSACTIONS MADE ON BEHALF OF OTHERS AND TRANSACTIONS BASED ON TRUST

The Parent Bank performs buying transactions on behalf of customers, and gives custody, administration and consultancy services.

The Group does not engage in transaction based on trust.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS

(1) a) Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Turkey:

	Current per	riod	Prior period		
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Cash and foreign currency	572.630	196.724	627.718	188.357	
Central Bank of Turkey	628.203	16.037.858	2.173.404	17.006.682	
Other	_	27.083	-	25.234	
Total	1.200.833	16.261.665	2.801.122	17.220.273	

⁽¹⁾ As of 30 June 2014, blocked reserve deposits kept in Central Bank of Macedonia amounted TRY 26.981 (31 December 2013: TRY 24.942).

Information on the account of Central Bank of Turkey:

	Current per	riod	Prior perio	d
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Demand unrestricted				
amount ⁽¹⁾	618.373	1.395.681	2.164.297	1.570.064
Time unrestricted amount	-	-	-	-
Time restricted amount	-	-	-	_
Reserve deposits ⁽²⁾	9.830	14.642.177	9.107	15.436.618
Total	628.203	16.037.858	2.173.404	17.006.682

⁽¹⁾ Reserve deposits kept in Central Bank of Turkey.

The banks operating in Turkey keep reserve deposits for Turkish currency liabilities in TRY, USD, EUR and/or standard gold at the rates between 5% and 11,5% according to their maturities (31 December 2013: between 5% and 11,5% according to their maturities), foreign currency liabilities in USD, EUR and/or standard gold at the rates between 6% and 13% according to their maturities (31 December 2013: between 6% and 13% according to their maturities), as per the Communiqué no.2013/15 "Reserve Deposits" of the Central Bank of Turkey.

With the Board of Minutes No.827 dated 30 January 2014 of TRNC Central Bank's, required reserve ratio is between 5% and 8% for foreign currency liabilities.

With the Board of Minutes No. 129 dated 2006 of Central Bank of Macedonia, required reserve ratio are 8% for MKD currency liabilities and 15% for foreign currency liabilities.

Reserve deposits required by the Central Bank of Turkey are not interest bearing except those kept by the Central Banks of TRNC.

- (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:
- a) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss blocked/given as collateral:

The Group has TRY 1.613 of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss blocked/given as collateral in the current period (31 December 2013: TRY 1.007).

- b) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase agreements: None.
- c) Positive differences related to the derivative financial assets held-for-trading:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Forward transactions	-	28.972	-	26.470
Swap transactions	-	59.671	-	112.900
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	9	162	3	291
Other	-	-	-	_
Total	9	88.805	3	139.661

⁽²⁾ Blocked reserve deposits kept in Central Bank of Turkey and Central Bank of Cyprus.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (3) Information on banks and other financial institutions:
- a) Information on banks:

	Current period		Prior p	eriod
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Banks				
Domestic banks	231.800	339.465	62.158	581.974
Foreign banks	63.182	633.264	100.491	1.164.152
Branches and offices abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	294.982	972.729	162.649	1.746.126

- (4) Information on financial assets available-for-sale:
- a) Financial assets available-for-sale blocked/given as collateral or subject to repurchase agreements:
- a.1. Information on financial assets available-for-sale blocked/given as collateral:

	Cu	Prior period		
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Treasury bills, government bonds and similar securities	147.130	844.628	172.200	857.722
Total	147.130	844.628	172.200	857.722

a.2. Information on financial assets available-for-sale subject to repurchase agreements:

None. (31 December 2013: TRY 4.638)

b) Information on financial assets available-for-sale portfolio:

	Current period	Prior period
Debt securities	9.461.305	9.994.476
Quoted on a stock exchange	9.461.305	9.994.476
Not quoted	-	-
Share certificates	38.375	35.505
Quoted on a stock exchange	275	-
Not quoted	38.100	35.505
Impairment provision(-)	19.641	202.032
Total	9.480.039	9.827.949

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (5) Information on loans:
- a) Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Group:

	Current period		Prior period	
	Non-cash			Non-cash
	Cash loans	loans	Cash loans	loans
Direct loans granted to shareholders	-	-	-	-
Corporate shareholders	-	-	-	-
Real person shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	-	-	-	-
Loans granted to employees	174.195	-	167.537	-
Total	174.195	-	167.537	-

b) Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including loans that have been restructured or rescheduled:

	Standard loans and other receivables			Loans and other receivables under close monitoring			
	Loans and other receivables (Total)	Agreement conditions modified		Loans and other receivables (Total)	Agreement condi modified	tions	
Cash loans		Payment plan extensions	Other		Payment plan extensions	Other	
Non-specialized loans	71.804.846	855.490	-	2.010.008	1.342.991	-	
Corporation loans	42.625.213	698.517	_	1.714.258	1.336.085	-	
Export loans	2.597.370	98.555	-	12.787	3.355	-	
Import loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Loans given to							
financial sector	1.647.868	-	-	-	-	-	
Consumer loans(1)	21.178.822	55.622	-	197.369	3.551	-	
Credit cards(2)	2.732.553	-	-	71.112	-	-	
Other	1.023.020	2.796	_	14.482	-	-	
Specialized lending	16.413.438	65.138	-	174.436	2.996	-	
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Accruals	1.208.885	12.596	-	29.795	18.416	-	
Total	89.427.169	933.224	-	2.214.239	1.364.403	_	

⁽¹⁾Includes TRY 127.248 of personnel loans.

⁽²⁾ Includes TRY 46.947 of personnel credit cards.

Number of modifications made to extend payment plan	Standard Loans and Other Receivables ^(*)	Loans and Other Receivables Under Close Monitoring ^(**)
Extended by 1 or 2 times	789.817	1.284.288
Extended by 3,4 or 5 times	104.181	59.055
Extended by more than 5 times	26.630	2.644

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(*)}} Accruals$ amounting to TRY 12.596 are not included in the table above.

^(**)Accruals amounting to TRY 18.416 are not included in the table above.

	Standard Loans and Other	Loans and Other Receivables
Extended period of time	Receivables(*)	Under Close Monitoring(**)
0-6 Months	362.134	67.635
6 Months - 12 Months	270.550	29.665
1-2 Years	68.625	38.050
2-5 Years	204.838	194.294
5 Years and over	14.481	1.016.343

^(*) Accruals amounting to TRY 12.596 are not included in the table above.

^(**) Accruals amounting to TRY 18.416 are not included in the table above.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (5) Information on loans: (continued)
- d) Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards:

	Medium and		
	Short-term	long-term	Total
Consumer loans-TRY	255.900	20.369.597	20.625.497
Real estate loans	1.740	9.661.243	9.662.983
Automobile loans	2.672	139.869	142.541
Consumer loans	251.403	10.516.696	10.768.099
Other	85	51.789	51.874
Consumer loans- Indexed to FC	-	-	_
Real estate loans	-	-	-
Automobile loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer loans- FC	2.853	248.974	251.827
Real estate loans	157	18.115	18.272
Automobile loans	156	585	741
Consumer loans	2.373	221.119	223.492
Other	167	9.155	9.322
Individual credit cards-TRY	2.280.930	1.286	2.282.216
Installment	982.671	-	982.671
Non-installment	1.298.259	1.286	1.299.545
Individual credit cards-FC	113	27.193	27.306
Installment	-	27.193	27.193
Non-installment	113	<u>-</u>	113
Personnel loans-TRY	4.749	119.234	123.983
Real estate loans	-	-	-
Automobile loans	-	_	_
Consumer loans	4.749	119.234	123.983
Other	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-
Personnel loans-Indexed to FC	_	_	_
Real estate loans	_	_	_
Automobile loans	_	_	_
Consumer loans	-	_	_
Other	_	_	_
Personnel loans-FC	109	3.156	3.265
Real estate loans	-	1.961	1.961
Automobile loans	_	18	18
Consumer loans	107	1.141	1.248
Other	2	36	38
Personnel credit cards-TRY	46.363	-	46.363
Installment	19.674	-	19.674
Non-installment	26.689	-	26.689
Personnel credit cards-FC	68	516	584
Installment	-	516	516
Non-installment	68	510	68
Overdraft accounts-TRY (Retail customer)	354.477	_	354.477
Overdraft accounts-FC (Retail customer)	17.142	_	17.142
Total	2.962.704	20.769.956	23.732.660
1 Utai	2.702.704	40.707.730	43.734.000

⁽¹⁾ Interest income accruals are not included in the table above.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (5) Information on loans: (continued)
- e) Information on commercial installments loans and corporate credit cards:

	Medium and		
	Short-term	long-term	Total
Commercial installment loans-TRY	5.464	774.009	779.473
Business residential loans	425	438.471	438.896
Automobile loans	5.039	243.474	248.513
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Other	-	92.064	92.064
Commercial installment loans- Indexed to FC	-	-	_
Business residential loans	-	-	-
Automobile loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Commercial installment loans - FC	115.343	225.459	340.802
Business residential loans	-	-	-
Automobile loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Other	115.343	225.459	340.802
Corporate credit cards-TRY	447.173	-	447.173
Installment	238.899	-	238.899
Non-installment	208.274	-	208.274
Corporate credit cards-FC	23	-	23
Installment	-	-	-
Non-installment	23	-	23
Overdraft accounts-TRY (Commercial customer)	481.355	-	481.355
Overdraft accounts-FC (Commercial customer)			
Total	1.049.358	999.468	2.048.826

⁽¹⁾ Interest and income accruals are not included in table above.

f) Domestic and foreign loans:

	Current period	Prior period
Domestic loans	90.652.817	83.573.141
Foreign loans	988.591	959.106
Total	91.641.408	84.532.247

g) Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

None

h) Specific provisions provided against loans:

	Current period	Prior period
Specific provisions		
Loans and receivables with limited collectability	267.093	245.747
Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	142.404	131.601
Uncollectible loans and receivables	1.564.159	1.450.180
Total	1.973.656	1.827.528

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (5) Information on loans: (continued)
- i) Information on non-performing loans (Net):
- i.1. Information on loans and other receivables included in non-performing loans which are restructured or rescheduled:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
Current period	64.048	6.485	57.357
(Gross amounts before the specific provisions) Loans and other receivables which are restructured	_	-	_
Rescheduled loans and other receivables	64.048	6.485	57.357
Prior period	145.197	8.194	84.801
(Gross amounts before the specific provisions) Loans and other receivables which are restructured	- -	-	-
Rescheduled loans and other receivables	145.197	8.194	84.801

i.2. Information on the movement of non-performing loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and	Loans and receivables with	Uncollectible
	with limited collectability	doubtful collectability	loans and receivables
Prior period end balance	379.296	217.315	1.667.597
Additions (+)	507.039	10.299	25.275
Transfers from other categories of loans under			
follow-up (+)	90	213.072	298.763
Transfers to other categories of loans under follow-			
up (-)	317.778	194.101	46
Collections (-)	106.082	31.403	156.713
Write-offs (-)	-	-	-
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Current period end balance	462.565	215.182	1.834.876
Specific provision (-)	267.093	142.404	1.564.159
Net balance on balance sheet	195.472	72.778	270.717

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (5) Information on loans: (continued)
- i.3. Information on foreign currency non-performing loans and other receivables:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
Current period			
Balance at the end of the period	194.470	19.419	184.058
Specific provisions(-)	88.788	13.429	113.829
Net balance in the balance sheet	105.682	5.990	70.229
Prior period			
Balance at the end of the period	101.412	14.146	146.101
Specific provisions(-)	60.353	5.635	98.912
Net balance in the balance sheet	41.059	8.511	47.189

Foreign currency non-performing loans amounting to TRY 19.292 and their related provisions amounting to TRY 17.644 of the consolidated foreign subsidiaries are recognized under foreign currency accounts and the foreign currency non-performing loans of the Parent Bank's and its domestic subsidiaries are recognized under turkish lira accounts.

i.4. Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans according to user groups:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and receivables	Loans and receivables	Uncollectible
	with limited	with doubtful	loans and
	collectability	collectability	receivables
Current period (Net)	195.472	72.778	270.717
Loans to granted real persons and legal entities (Gross)	462.444	213.020	1.784.816
Specific provisions (-)	266.972	140.242	1.514.099
Loans to granted real persons and legal entities (Net)	195.472	72.778	270.717
Banks (Gross)	-	=	-
Specific provisions (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	121	2.162	50.060
Specific provisions (-)	121	2.162	50.060
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-
Prior period (Net)	133.549	85.714	217.417
Loans to granted real persons and legal entities (Gross)	379.154	215.149	1.617.110
Specific provisions (-)	245.605	129.435	1.399.693
Loans to granted real persons and legal entities (Net)	133.549	85.714	217.417
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provisions (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	_	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	142	2.166	50.487
Specific provisions (-)	142	2.166	50.487
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (5) Information on loans: (continued)
- j) Main guidelines of the liquidation policy of the Bank about the uncollectible loans and receivables:

The Parent Bank liquidates its uncollectible receivables through three methods. These are by signing financial restructuring contract under the Law No: 4743, by making payment protocols and by presenting adequate repayment schedules for the lower amount of receivables. Within the context of this collection policy, non-performing loans are collected in considerable amounts. Collections are firstly offset against lawsuits and expenses, interest and capital receivables from loans.

The Parent Bank recently collects some of its receivables by acquiring debtor properties in consideration of collaterals given to loans granted.

k) Explanations on write-off policy:

In compliance with the "Procedure for Write Off and Procedures for Overdue Receivables for Legal Follow-Up" non performing loans which become unrecoverable as a result of legal follow up can be written off to prevent additional legal expenses.

- (6) Information on held-to-maturity investments:
- a) Information on held-to-maturity investments blocked/given as collateral or subject to repurchase agreement transactions are explained comparatively with net value:
- a.1. Held-to-maturity investments blocked/given as collateral:

	Current pe	eriod	Prior period		
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Government bonds and similar securities	3.882.153	119.890	3.089.127	121.049	
Total	3.882.153	119.890	3.089.127	121.049	

a.2. Held-to-maturity investments subject to repurchase agreements:

	Current period		Prior peri	od
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Treasury bills, government bonds and similar securities	7.619.597	-	764.916	-

Total 7.619.597 - 764.916 -

b) Information on public sector debt investments held-to-maturity:

	Current period	Prior period
Government bonds	18.724.095	18.966.304
Treasury bills	-	=
Other public sector debt securities	-	=
Total	18.724.095	18.966.304

c) Information on held-to-maturity investments:

	Current period	Prior period
Debt securities	18.730.884	18.973.598
Quoted on a stock exchange	17.390.577	17.745.799
Not quoted	1.340.307	1.227.799
Impairment provision (-)	-	-
Total	18.730.884	18.973.598

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (6) Information on held-to-maturity investments: (continued)
- d) Movement of held-to-maturity investments within the year:

	Current period	Prior period
Beginning balance	18.973.598	13.643.091
Foreign currency differences on monetary assets	(7.500)	(30)
Purchases during the year ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	2.782.161	10.414.943
Disposals through sales and redemptions (2)	(3.008.347)	(5.084.406)
Impairment provision (-)	9.028	
Balance at the of the period	18.730.884	18.973.598

⁽¹⁾ Interest income accrual difference between 30 June 2014 amounting to TRY 1.404.497 and 31 December 2013 amounting to TRY 1.133.097 has been included in purchases row.

- (7) Information on associates (Net):
- a) Information on unconsolidated associates, reasons for not consolidating:

The non-financial investments in associates are accounted under cost method of accounting since reliable fair values cannot be determined.

b) Information on unconsolidated associates:

		Bank's share	Bank's risk
Description	Address (City/ Country)	percentage, if different-voting percentage (%)	group share percentage (%)
1. Kredi Kayıt Bürosu AŞ	İstanbul	18,18	18,18
2. Bankalararası Kart Merkezi AŞ	İstanbul	18,95	18,95

Information related to the associates as sorted above:

					Income from marketable	Current	Prior	
	Total assets	Shareholders 'equity	Total fixed assets	Interest income	securities portfolio	period profit/loss	period profit/loss	Fair value
1.	92.728	78.246	44.547	2.182	-	15.164	18.271	-
2.	52.068	26.332	32.934	364	-	3.980	1.116	-

⁽¹⁾ No investment is listed on the stock exchange.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with the tainting rules defined in Turkish Accounting Standards 39-Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement as published by Turkish Accounting Standards Board ("TASB"), as of 31 December 2013, the Parent Bank reclassified EUR 264.347 (TRY 606.491) and USD 342.113 (TRY 612.382) of financial assets from held to maturity investments portfolio to available for sale portfolio. Related amount was presented in "Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions" row.

⁽³⁾ In accordance with the rules defined in Turkish Accounting Standards 39-Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement as published by Turkish Accounting Standards Board ("TASB"), as of 31 December 2013, the Bank reclassified TRY 4.039.794 thousands and USD 502.575 (TRY 982.535) thousands of financial assets from available for sales portfolio to held to maturity investments portfolio. Related amount was presented in "Purchases during the year" row.

⁽²⁾ The financial data of Kredi Kayıt Bürosu AŞ is obtained from 30 June 2014 unreviewed financial statements, and the financial data of Bankalar Arası Kart Merkezi AŞ is obtained from 30 June 2014 reviewed financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- 7) Information on associates (Net)(continued):
- c) Information on consolidated associates:

			Bank's share	Bank's risk
			percentage, if	group share
		Address	different-voting	percentage
	Description	(City/ Country)	percentage (%)	(%)
1.	Demirhalkbank NV	Holland	30,00	30,00
2	Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ	Ankara	31.47	32,26

Information related to the associates as sorted above:

		Shareholders T	otal fixed	Interest	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit/los	Prior period	Fair
	Total assets	' equity	assets	income	portfolio	S	profit/loss	value
1.	5.126.456	678.284	34.817	74.908	23	14.706	25.905	-
2.	46.270	45.908	21.762	1.248	-	201	15	-

⁽¹⁾ No investment is listed on the stock exchange.

d) Movement of associates:

	Current period	Prior period
Balance at the beginning of the period	227.051	176.654
Movements during the period	(146)	50.397
Purchases	-	-
Bonus shares obtained profit from current year's		
share	-	=
Dividends from current year income	4.475	11.915
Sales	-	=
$Transfers^{(1)}$	-	(335)
Revaluation decrease (-) / increase	4.621	38.817
Provision for impairment (-) / reversals (+)	-	<u>-</u>
Balance at the end of the period	226.905	227.051
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the period (%)	-	-

⁽¹⁾ As of 22 July 2013, the Bank purchased 76% shares of Bileşim Alternatif Dağıtım Kanalları ve Ödeme Sistemleri A.Ş. which is the associate of the Bank, from Ziraat Group (the shares of T.C. Ziraat Bank A.Ş. are 61%, the shares of Ziraat Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. is 15%) and thus make the company as the Bank's subsidiary.

e) Sectoral information and related carrying amounts of associates:

	Current period	Prior period
Banks	206.138	206.348
Insurance companies	-	=
Factoring companies	-	=
Leasing companies	-	=
Financing companies	-	=
Other financial investments	14.448	14.383

f) Associates quoted to a stock exchange:

None.

⁽²⁾ The financial data of Demirhalkbank NV and Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ are obtained from 30 June 2014 unreviewed financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (8) Information on subsidiaries (Net):
- a) Information on subsidiaries:

	Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ	Halk Sigorta AŞ	Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ	Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ	Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ	Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ	Halk Banka AD, Skopje	Halk Faktoring AŞ
CORE CAPITAL								
Paid in Capital Effect of Inflation Adjustment on Paid in Capital	64.000	94.000	183.000	697.900	272.250	5.000	109.685	40.000
Share Premiums	_	_	-	49.945	-	_	11.633	_
Share cancellation profits	-	_	-	(18.991)	-	-	-	_
Reserves Other Comprehensive Income according to	6.475	38.264	19.599	28.364	8.173	1.198	30.990	-
TAS	3.674	31.684	(668)	173	-	-	209	-
Profit / Loss	6.461	15.791	51.726	27.881	26.879	1.029	10.918	5.535
Net Profit	6.554	15.791	43.371	18.716	14.279	905	4.804	4.776
Prior Period Profit/Loss Bonus Shares from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit Minority shares	(93)	-	8.355	9.165	12.600	124	6.114	759
Leasehold Improvements (-)	-	_	597	318	97	_	2.193	74
Intangible Assets (-)	82	666	333	109	140	0	313	30
Total Core Capital	80.528	179.073	252.731	784.845	307.065	7.227	160.929	45.431
SUPPLEMENTARY CAPITAL	_	_	_	-	-	_	8.137	_
CAPITAL	80.528	179.073	252.731	784.845	307.065	7.227	169.066	45.431
DEDUCTIONS FROM THE CAPITAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NET AVAILABLE CAPITAL	80.528	179.073	252.731	784.845	307.065	7.227	169.066	45.431

⁽¹⁾ The information is presented from financial statements subject to consolidation as of 30 June 2014.

There is no internal capital adequacy assessment approach for the subsidiaries.

Paid in capital (domestic) has been indicated as Turkish Lira in articles of incorporation and registered in trade registry.

Paid in capital (foreign) has been indicated as foreign currency in articles of incorporation and registered in trade registry.

Effect of inflation adjustments on paid in capital is the difference caused by the inflation adjustment on shareholders' equity items.

Extraordinary reserves are the status reserves which have been transferred with the General Assembly decision after distributable profit have been transferred to legal reserves.

Legal reserves are the status reserves which have been transferred from distributable profit in accordance with the third clause of first and second paragraph of 466 and 519 articles of Turkish Commercial Code no. 6102.

b) Unconsolidated subsidiaries, reasons for not consolidating and information on total needed shareholder's equity that is subjected to minimum capital requirements:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the communiqué on "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" and non-financial subsidiary is not included in the consolidation.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (8) Information on subsidiaries (continued)
- c) Information on unconsolidated subsidiaries:

				Descri	iption	Addr (City/ C	ess Country)	Bank's sl percentag different-vo percentage	ge, if ting
1.	Bileşim Alterna	tif Dağ. Kan. AŞ		İst	İstanbul		100,00	100,00	
					Incom	ne from			
	Total assets	Shareholders ' equity	Total fixed assets	Interest income	se	ketable curities ortfolio	Current period profit / loss	Prior period profit / loss	Fair value ⁽²⁾
1.	31.543	19.518	4.233	419	2	201	3.446	3.653	30.604

⁽¹⁾ The financial data of Bileşim Alternatif Dağ. Kan. is obtained from 30 June 2014 unreviewed financial statements.

d) Information on consolidated subsidiaries: (Net):

	Description	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share percentage, if different-voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1.	Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ	İstanbul	99,94	99,96
2.	Halk Sigorta AŞ	İstanbul	89,18	93,49
3.	Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ	İstanbul	94,40	99,67
4.	Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ	İstanbul	77,99	78,10
5.	Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ	İstanbul	100,00	100,00
6.	Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ	İstanbul	56,00	99,68
7.	Halk Banka AD, Skopje	Macedonia	98,78	98,78
8.	Halk Faktoring AŞ	İstanbul	95,00	99,91

e) Information related to the subsidiaries as sorted above ⁽¹⁾:

	Total assets	Shareholde rs' equity	Total fixed assets	Interest income	Income from marketable securities portfolio	Current period profit / loss	Prior period profit / loss	Fair value ⁽²⁾
1.	559.971	80.528	2.156	14.238	1.544	6.554	4.969	92.151
2.	618.703	179.073	5.962	16.431	2.656	15.791	14.465	323.818
3.	565.231	252.731	3.869	28.020	16.608	43.371	33.062	697.589
4.	914.837	784.845	611.813	8.981	4.768	18.716	9.304	518.868(3)
5.	1.964.417	307.065	1.146	64.853	-	14.279	13.160	406.645
6.	7.737	7.227	218	363	22	905	552	5.271
7.	995.457	169.066	32.293	29.206	2.908	4.804	1.475	-
8.	584.546	45.431	562	28.408	1	4.776	(768)	42.032

⁽¹⁾ The information is presented from financial statements subject to consolidation as 30 June 2014.

⁽²⁾ The information is presented from valuation report as 31 December 2013.

⁽²⁾ The information is presented from valuation reports as 30 June 2014.

⁽³⁾ The Banks' subsidiary Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. has privatized by a public offering on 22 February 2013 and the shares are traded on the Borsa Istanbul A.Ş.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

(8) Information on subsidiaries (continued)

f) Movement of the subsidiaries:

-	Current period	Prior period
Balance at the beginning of the period(before		
elimination)	2.334.263	1.794.160
Movements during the period	(2.303.659)	540.103
$Purchases^{(1)}$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	167.590
Bonus shares obtained profit from current year's		
share	140.007	85.867
Dividends from current year income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Transfer	-	335
Revaluation increase	(178.933)	286.311
Reversal of provision for impairment (-)	-	-
Share capital elimination of subsidiaries	(2.264.733)	(2.303.659)
Balance at the end of the period	30.604	30.604
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the period (%)	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Purchases amounting to TRY 13.540 of TRY 167.590 consist payments to Ziraat Group due to purchase of 76% shares of Bileşim Alternatif Dağıtım Kanalları ve Ödeme Sistemleri A.Ş. which is the associate of the Bank, from Ziraat Group (the shares of T.C. Ziraat Bank A.Ş. are 61%, the shares of Ziraat Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. is 15%). The payment of TRY 19.000 was made for the increase in capital of the Halk Faktoring A.Ş. and the payment of TRY 135.050 was made for the increase in capital of the Halk Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.

g) Sectoral information on subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current period	Prior period
Banks	145.359	145.359
Insurance companies	1.021.407	1.021.407
Factoring companies	42.032	42.032
Leasing companies	406.645	406.645
Financing companies	-	-
Other financial subsidiaries	649.290	688.216

h) Subsidiaries quoted in the stock exchange:

·	Current period	Prior period
Quoted to domestic stock ⁽¹⁾	875.686	914.612
Quoted foreign stock exchange	-	_

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with the Capital Markets Board's "Communiqué on Obtaining Registration of Shares and Sale of Shares", Series I, No. 40; the shares of Halk Sigorta AŞ are traded on the Borsa İstanbul AŞ Free Trading Platform. The fair value of Halk Sigorta AŞ was determined by the valuation report prepared by an independent valuation company.

(9) Information on jointly controlled entities (joint ventures):

None.

⁽²⁾The Parent Banks's subsidiary Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ has privatized by a public offering on 22 February 2013 and the shares are traded on the Borsa Istanbul AŞ.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (10) Information on finance lease receivables (Net):
- a) Maturity structure of investments on financial lease:

	Cur	Current period		
	Gross	Gross Net		
Less than 1 year	612.920	474.850	551.818	434.994
Between 1-4 years	1.058.753	914.446	1.017.878	883.033
More than 4 years	368.294	364.698	396.245	375.729
Total	2.039.967	1.753.994	1.965.941	1.693.756

b) Information on gross investments of financial lease:

	Current period	Prior period
Gross financial lease investment	2.039.967	1.965.941
Unearned revenues from financial lease	(285.973)	(272.185)
Total	1.753.994	1.693.756

c) Information on receivables from non- performing loans of financial lease:

	Current period	Prior period
Financial lease receivables with limited collectability	42.452	39.764
Financial lease receivables with doubtful collectability	1.038	32.588
Uncollectible financial lease receivables	105.347	94.799
Specific provisions	(71.000)	(49.455)
Total	77.837	117.696

(11) Information on derivative financial assets for hedging purposes:

None.

(12) Information on tangible assets:

Not prepared in compliance with the article 25 of the communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

(13) Information on intangible assets:

Not prepared in compliance with the article 25 of the communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

(14) Information on investment property:

Not prepared in compliance with the article 25 of the communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks"

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

(15) Information on tax assets:

a) Current tax assets:

As of 30 June 2014, the Group's current tax asset is amounting TRY 45 (31 December 2013: None).

b) Deferred tax assets:

	Current period	Prior period
Deferred Tax (Asset) /Liability		
Provisions ⁽¹⁾	131.453	5.666
Revaluation of Financial Assets	38.735	-
Other	6.633	11.105
Deferred Tax (Asset) /Liability:	176.821	16.771
Deferred tax accounted in shareholders' equity	(48.779)	21.755
Fair value differences for available for sale financial assets	(45.051)	25.436
Actuarial gains / losses	(3.728)	(3.681)

⁽¹⁾ Provisions are comprised of the employee termination benefits and other provisions.

(16) Information on non-current assets held for sale:

Not prepared in compliance with the article 25 of the communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks"

(17) Information on other assets:

Other assets balance in the balance sheet amounts to TRY 1.837.443 and does not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total (31 December 2013: TRY 1.552.464).

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES

- (1) Information on maturity structure of deposits:
- a) For deposit banks:
- a.1. Current period:

		7 day							
	Demand a	call ccounts	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-6 months	6 months year	1 year and over	Cumulative deposits	Total
Saving deposits	3.633.343	-	338.864	23.175.238	1.435.336	420.776	635.304	121.848	29.760.709
Foreign currency deposits	4.055.472	-	2.508.050	10.810.924	3.139.028	2.314.372	3.054.258	12.449	25.894.553
Residents in Turkey	2.640.266	-	2.409.131	10.456.926	3.025.457	2.017.832	2.039.101	12.329	22.601.042
Residents abroad	1.415.206	_	98.919	353.998	113.571	296.540	1.015.157	120	3.293.511
Public sector deposits	2.984.797	_	965.117	3.324.533	309.473	1.585.717	80.170	-	9.249.807
Commercial inst. deposits	2.595.251	_	2.319.333	6.263.812	614.113	163.632	26.393	-	11.982.534
Other inst. deposits	525.783	_	136.511	1.145.486	118.182	570.877	80.780	-	2.577.619
Precious metals	1.627.482	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.627.482
Interbank deposits	7.365.503	_	3.597.447	942.533	107.964	418.969	153.051	-	12.585.467
Central Bank of Turkey	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	15.307	-	1.398.389	378.189	46.406	14.344	4.143	-	1.856.778
Foreign banks	6.835.900	-	2.198.926	564.344	61.531	404.625	148.908	-	10.214.234
Participation banks	514.296	-	132	-	27	-	-	-	514.455
Total	22.787.631	-	9.865.322	45.662.526	5.724.096	5.474.343	4.029.956	134.297	93.678.171

a.2. Prior period:

	Demand	7 day call accounts	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-6 months	6 months year	1 year and over	Cumulative deposits	Total
Saving deposits	3.284.266	-	341.488	23.669.564	1.353.617	395.438	633.612	122.789	29.800.774
Foreign currency deposits	3.588.581	-	1.631.774	12.280.604	4.930.815	2.396.805	3.139.084	13.049	27.980.712
Residents in Turkey	2.125.249	-	1.516.879	11.920.017	4.807.360	1.995.467	2.197.551	12.923	24.575.446
Residents abroad	1.463.332	-	114.895	360.587	123.455	401.338	941.533	126	3.405.266
Public sector deposits	2.524.920	-	724.063	4.901.027	496.489	197.956	81.705	-	8.926.160
Commercial inst. Deposits	3.132.308	-	2.224.622	11.896.354	498.577	487.939	179.953	-	18.419.753
Other inst. Deposits	560.173	-	65.145	1.859.320	256.623	378.779	113.618	-	3.233.658
Precious metals	2.016.818	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.016.818
Interbank deposits	3.585.113	-	3.727.382	1.816.514	343.404	68.108	476.783	-	10.017.304
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	22.831	-	2.425.179	972.335	80.184	4.209	115	-	3.504.853
Foreign banks	3.129.531	-	1.302.203	844.179	263.220	63.899	476.668	-	6.079.700
Participation banks	432.751	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	432.751
Total	18.692.179	-	8.714.474	56.423.383	7.879.525	3.925.025	4.624.755	135.838	100.395.179

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

- (1) Information on maturity structure of deposits: (continued)
- b) Information on saving deposits in the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund:
- b.1. Amounts exceeding insurance limit:
- b.1.1. Saving deposits under the guarantee of deposit insurance and exceeding the insurance limit:

Under the guarantee aving deposits insurance		Exceeding the insurance limit		
	Current	Prior period	Current	
	period	_	period	Prior period
Saving deposits	19.035.181	18.203.362	10.645.579	11.528.066
Foreign currency saving deposits	5.988.745	5.836.594	7.827.337	7.332.125
Other deposits in the form of saving deposits	-	-	-	-
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign				
authorities' insurance	96.465	86.977	-	-
Off-shore banking regions' deposits under				
foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	_	=

- b.1.2. Saving deposits at foreign branches are excluded from the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund according to the related legislation, and are subject to insurance of foreign authorities in compliance with the foreign legislations.
- c) Saving deposits which are not under the guarantee of deposit insurance fund:

	Current period	Prior period
Foreign branches' saving deposits and other accounts	140.453	144.674
Deposits and other accounts belonging to dominant partners as		
well as their fathers, mothers, spouses and children under their		
custody	-	-
Deposits and other accounts belonging to the chairman and		
members of the board of directors, general managers and deputy		
general managers as well as their fathers, mothers, spouses and		
children under their custody	5.539	4.762
Deposits and other accounts covered by assets generated through		
the offenses mentioned in Article 282 of the Turkish Penal Code		
No.5237 and dated 26.9.2004	-	-
Deposits in the banks to be engaged exclusively in offshore		
banking in Turkey	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

(2) Information on derivative financial liabilities held for trading:

Negative differences table related to the derivative financial liabilities held-for-trading:

	Current per	Current period		riod
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Forward transactions	-	32.553	4	31.123
Swap transactions	-	36.486	-	22.024
Future transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	32	174	30	311
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	32	69.213	34	53.458

(3) a) Information on funds borrowed:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Funds borrowed from Central Bank of				_
Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks and institutions	697.229	605.669	659.666	932.889
Foreign banks, institutions and funds	541.415	11.885.545	485.457	13.008.340
Total	1.238.644	12.491.214	1.145.123	13.941.229

b) Maturity structure of funds borrowed:

	Current p	Current period		Prior period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	7 FC	
Short-term	738.529	7.311.928	619.697	7.851.679	
Medium and long-term	500.115	5.179.286	525.426	6.089.550	
Total	1.238.644	12.491.214	1.145.123	13.941.229	

c) Additional disclosures related to the concentrations of the Group's major liabilities:

Concentrations, fund providing customers, sector groups and other criteria where risk concentration is observed:

Main liability of the Group is deposit, which is composed of 32 % of saving deposits and 28 % of foreign currency deposits. In order to fulfill the short term liquidity requirements, the Parent Bank borrows loans from interbank money markets. The Parent Bank can borrow loans from overseas institutions especially to be used in the financing of consumer loans. There are funds obtained from the Ministry of Industry and Trade especially for constructing small industrial estates and organized industrial estates.

The Group's 64% of banks deposits and 34% of other deposits consist of foreign currency deposits.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

(4) Marketable securities issued:

	Current p	eriod	Prior pe	riod
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Treasury Bills ⁽¹⁾	839.424	-	845.573	-
Bonds ^{(2), (3)}	83.282	4.243.127	87.706	3.218.387
Total	922.706	4.243.127	933.279	3.218.387

⁽¹⁾ As of 20 June 2014, the treasury bills amounting to TRY 1.000.000 with maturity of 175 days are issued by the Parent Bank.

(5) Explanations to the funds:

Funds are granted as loans in conformity with the protocols between the Parent Bank and fund owner ministry or institutions. These funds include funds from the Ministry of Industry and Trade, Treasury Natural Disasters Credit Fund, Under secretariat of Treasury and Foreign Trade Funds, Turkish Treasury Incentive Certificated SMEs Credit Fund, Housing Development Administration Fund and other funds.

a) Maturity structure of funds:

Current	period	Prior	r Period
Short-term	Long-term	Short-term	Long-term
33.429	1.482.182	17.957	1.470.585

(6) Information on other liabilities:

Other liabilities balance in the balance sheet amounts to TRY 1.971.071 and does not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total (31 December 2013: TRY 1.356.677).

- (7) Information on finance lease payables (Net):
- a) The general explanations on criteria used in determining installments of financial lease agreements, renewal and purchasing options and restrictions in the agreements that create significant obligations to the Bank:

In the financial lease agreements, installments are based on useful life, usage periods and provisions of the Tax Procedural Code.

b) Explanation on finance lease payables:

None.

c) Explanations regarding operational leases:

The operational leasing agreements are signed for some branches. The agreements are prepared annually and annual rents are paid in advance and recorded as prepaid expense in "other assets". The Parent Bank does not have any commitments arising on the existing operational lease agreements.

⁽²⁾ As of 19 July 2012, the bonds amounting to USD 750.000 with maturity of 5 years and as of 5 February 2013 the bonds amounting to USD 750.000 with maturity of 7 years are issued by Bank

⁽³⁾ As of 25 September 2012, the bonds amounting to TRY 100.000 with maturity of 24 months are issued by the Halk Leasing.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

(8) Information on derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes:

None.

- (9) Explanations on provisions:
- a) Information on general provisions:

	Current period	Prior period
General provision	1.184.441	1.142.413
Provisions for first group loans and receivables	1.018.506	972.257
Additional provisions for the loans with extended		
payment plan	18.736	15.179
Provisions for second group loans and receivables	87.722	90.911
Additional provisions for the loans with extended		
payment plan	67.372	74.253
Provisions for non cash loans	78.213	79.245
Other	-	-

b) Foreign exchange loss provisions on the foreign currency indexed loans and finance lease receivables:

None.

c) Specific provisions provided for unindemnified non-cash loans:

As of 30 June 2014, the Bank's specific provision for unindemnified non-cash loans balance is TRY 84.681 (31 December 2013: TRY 69.008). TRY 2.377 (31 December 2013: TRY 2.377) of the related provision has been allocated for non-cash loans of companies of which cash loans are transferred to the Saving Deposits Insurance Fund in accordance with and the protocol designed based on the Act No: 5230 and the related provision is managed by the SDIF.

d) Information on other provisions:

Total other provision balance amounting to TRY 286.754 (31 December 2013: TRY 253.319) consists of TRY 84.681 (31 December 2013: TRY 69.008) for specific provisions for unindemnified non cash loans, TRY 25.107 (31 December 2013: TRY 26.222) for legal cases filed against the Bank, TRY 132.231 (31 December 2013: TRY 132.231) provision for prudency in consideration for any changes that may arise in the economy and the market, TRY 44.735 (31 December 2013: TRY 25.858) of other provisions.

- e) Liabilities on pension rights
- e.1. Liabilities for pension funds established in accordance with "Social Security Institution":

None.

e.2. Liabilities resulting from all kinds of pension funds, foundations etc. which provide post retirement benefits for the employees:

Based on the results of the actuarial report prepared as of 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012, no technical deficit has been reported. Besides, no technical deficit for T.C. Ziraat Bankası and T. Halk Bankası Employee Pension Fund has been reported as of 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

g) Explanations related to Insurance technical reserves (Net):

	Current period	Prior period
Life-Mathematical Provisions	209.265	225.567
Provisions for unearned premium claims	227.196	175.630
Provision for outstanding claims	169.652	134.474
Provisions for unexpired risk reserves	-	-
Other	614	612
Total	606.727	536.283

- (10) Explanations related to tax liabilities:
- a) Information on current tax liability:
- a.1. Information on tax provision:

As of 30 June 2014, the Group's corporate tax payable is amounting to TRY 360.245.

a.2. Information on taxes payable:

	Current period	Prior period
Corporate tax payable	360.245	62.701
Income on securities tax	85.010	72.050
Property income tax	1.140	773
Banking and insurance transactions tax (BITT)	43.340	36.893
Foreign exchange transactions tax	10	11
Value added tax payable	167	277
Other	15.662	21.639
Total	505.574	194.344

a.3. Information on premiums:

	Current period	Prior period
Social insurance premiums-employee	370	421
Social insurance premiums-employer	472	402
Bank social aid pension fund premium-employee	7.347	5.205
Bank social aid pension fund premium-employer	10.175	7.205
Pension fund membership fees-employee		
and provisions-employee	-	-
Pension fund membership fees-employer		
and provisions-employer	6	14
Unemployment insurance-employee	21	17
Unemployment insurance-employer	52	41
Other	4.947	2.671
Total	23.390	15.976

b) Explanations regarding deferred tax liability:

As of 30 June 2014, the Group has TRY 2.848 of deferred tax liability (31 December 2013: TRY 10.837).

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

- (11) Information on liabilities regarding assets held for sale and discontinued operations: None.
- (12) Explanations on the number of subordinated loans the Parent Bank used maturity, interest rate, institutions that the loan was borrowed from, and conversion option, if any:

 None.
- (13) Information on shareholders' equity:
- a) Presentation of paid-in capital:

	Current period	Prior period
Common stock	1.250.000	1.250.000
Preferred stock	_	-

b) Application of registered capital system and registered capital ceiling amount:

None.

c) Information on share capital increases and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in the current period:

None

- d) Information on additions from capital reserves to capital in the current period: None.
- e) Capital commitments in the last fiscal year and at the end of the following interim period, the general purpose of these commitments and projected resources required to meet these commitments:

None.

f) Indicators of the Group's income, profitability and liquidity for the previous periods and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Group's equity due to the uncertainty of these indicators:

The Group has sustainable profitability structure and equity structure. There are no uncertainties that would impact the current position.

g) Information on preferred shares:

None

h) Information on marketable securities revaluation fund:

	Current period		Prior p	eriod
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
From subsidiaries, associates and jointly				
controlled entities (joint ventures)	3.730	-	16.729	-
Revaluation difference	112.236	19.638	(158.355)	(143.043)
Exchange rate difference	-	-	=	-
Total	115.966	19.638	(141.626)	(143.043)

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

(14) a) Information on minority interest shares:

	Current Period	Prior period
Paid-in capital	141.953	134.835
Export Premium	11.085	11.085
Marketable Securities Revaluation Fund	40	(85)
Legal Reserves	1.182	707
Extraordinary Reserves	7.699	6.254
Retained Earnings	802	(186)
Other Profit Reserves	286	310
Net Period Income / Loss	5.330	10.027
Closing Balance	168.377	162.947

b) Movement of minority interest shares:

	Current Period	Prior period
Beginning Balance	162.947	4.762
Change in Minority Interest	100	148.158
Net Period Income / Loss	5.330	10.027
Closing Balance	168.377	162.947

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

III. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

- (1) Information on off-balance sheet liabilities:
- a) Amount and nature of irrevocable loan commitments:

Types of irrevocable commitments	Current period	Prior period
Commitments for credit card expenditure limits	10.024.329	9.896.720
Payment commitments for cheques	5.021.022	4.670.295
Loan granting commitments	1.767.967	1.572.258
Two days forward foreign exchange buy/sell transactions	264.570	1.461.853
Commitments for credit cards and banking services promotions	38.794	37.663
Tax and fund liabilities from export commitments	14.303	13.413
Other irrevocable commitments	1.672.785	1.711.506
Total	18.803.770	19.363.708

- b) Amount and nature of probable losses and commitments from the off-balance sheet items including the below mentioned:
- b.1. Non-cash loans including bank bill guarantees and acceptances, guarantees substituting financial guarantees and other letters of credit:

	Current period	Prior period
Letters of credit	3.555.130	3.825.259
Bank acceptance loans	3.018.016	1.944.803
Other guarantees	828.419	956.431
Total	7.401.565	6.726.493

b.2. Certain guarantees, tentative guarantees, suretyships and similar transactions:

	Current period	Prior period
Letters of certain guarantees	10.219.889	10.645.927
Letters of advance guarantees	1.792.909	1.697.143
Letters of tentative guarantees	606.798	747.085
Letters of guarantee given to customs offices	1.191.180	925.226
Other letters of guarantee	7.112.963	6.378.555
Total	20.923.739	20.393.936

c) Total non-cash loans:

	Current period	Prior period
Non-cash loans for providing cash loans	393.817	423.414
Within one year or less original maturity	164.658	70.295
Within more than one year maturity	229.159	353.119
Other non-cash loans	27.931.487	26.697.015
Total	28.325.304	27.120.429

d) Information on contingent liabilities and assets:

The Group has provided TRY 25.107 (31 December 2013: TRY 26.222) of provision for the disputed legal cases filed by various persons and institutions.

e) Services supplied on behalf of others:

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

(1) Information on interest income:

a) Information on interest income on loans:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Interest on loans ⁽¹⁾				
Short term loans	1.073.441	63.451	838.483	61.445
Medium and long term loans	2.413.872	604.596	2.043.357	482.719
Interest on non-performing loans	32.682	353	32.309	285
Premiums from resource utilization support				
fund	-	-	-	-
Total	3.519.995	668.400	2.914.149	544.449

⁽¹⁾ Includes fees and commissions obtained from cash loans.

b) Interest received from banks:

	Current per	Current period		iod
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	8.073	3.862	4.038	1.580
Overseas banks	2.098	1.408	1.364	1.163
Head office and branches	-	-	-	-
Total	10.171	5.270	5.402	2.743

c) Interest income on marketable securities:

	Current Period		Prior Pe	eriod	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Financial Assets Held for Trading	1.904	336	2.331	293	
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit					
or Loss	1.320	-	-	-	
Available-for-Sale Financial Assets	409.462	60.927	328.353	58.714	
Held-to-Maturity Investments	984.405	34.149	559.939	1.547	
Total	1.397.091	95.412	890.623	60.554	

d) Interest income from associates:

	Current period	Prior period
Interest income and commissions from associates	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (continued)

- (2) Information on interest expenses:
- a) Information on interest expense on funds borrowed:

	Current p	Current period		iod
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Banks	44.251	119.029	20.475	83.951
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	31.930	13.068	12.768	7.151
Overseas banks	12.321	105.961	7.707	76.800
Overseas head office and branches	-	-	-	-
Other institutions	5.367	3	9.278	-
Total	49.618	119.032	29.753	83.951

b) Interest expenses to associates:

	Current period	Prior period
Interest expenses to associates	1.555	888

c) Information on interest expenses to marketable securities issued:

	Current p	Current period		Prior period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Interest on securities issued	37.761	78.525	22.346	58.738	
Total	37.761	78.525	22.346	58.738	

d) Maturity structure of interest expenses on deposits:

	Time deposits							
					-	More		
	Demand	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 6	Up to 1	than 1	Cumulativ	
Account name	deposits	month	months	months	Year	year	e deposit	Total
TRY								
Bank deposits	61	76.880	16.330	66	431	-	-	93.768
Saving deposits	3	14.178	1.106.225	58.501	15.629	21.441	4.336	1.220.313
Public deposits	153	61.135	151.771	16.098	879	252	-	230.288
Commercial deposits	85	91.921	478.161	22.182	10.818	2.324	-	605.491
Other deposits	-	30.290	94.330	7.023	68.969	6.933	-	207.545
7 days call accounts	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	302	274.404	1.846.817	103.870	96.726	30.950	4.336	2.357.405
Foreign currency								
Deposits	258	19.483	158.643	59.489	38.694	45.124	-	321.691
Bank deposits	1	22.209	22	-	-	-	-	22.232
7 days call accounts	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious metal	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	259	41.692	158.665	59.489	38.694	45.124	-	343.923
Grand total	561	316.096	2.005.482	163.359	135.420	76.074	4.336	2.701.328

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (continued)

(3) Information on dividend income:

	Current period	Prior period
Financial assets held for trading	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	-
Financial assets available-for-sale	3.118	1.880
Other	11.999	3.021
Total	15.117	4.901

(4) a) Information on trading profit/loss (Net):

	Current period	Prior period
Profit	8.941.228	5.325.554
Profit from the capital market operations	165.673	277.939
Profit on derivative financial instruments	2.150.904	725.543
Foreign exchange gains	6.624.651	4.322.072
Loss (-)	8.913.100	5.009.649
Loss from the capital market operations	636	5.654
Loss on derivative financial instruments	2.511.757	601.278
Foreign exchange losses	6.400.707	4.402.717

(5) Information on other operating income:

	Current period	Prior period
Adjustments for Prior Period Expenses	210.981	161.762
Life insurance income	188.462	293.150
Receivable from the asset sale on credit terms	36.575	36.103
Rent income	4.290	4.040
Other income	33.452	22.906
Total	473.760	517.961

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (continued)

(6) Impairment losses on loans and other receivables:

	Current period	Prior period
Specific provisions on loans and receivables	310.947	209.691
Group - III loans and receivables	242.251	178.308
Group - IV loans and receivables	25.717	9.294
Group - V loans and receivables	42.979	22.089
General loan provision expenses	45.216	184.683
Provision expenses for possible losses	-	-
Marketable securities impairment losses	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	-
Financial assets available for sale	-	-
Impairment losses from associates, subsidiaries, jointly controlled		
entities (joint ventures) and investments held-to-maturity	=	-
Associates	-	=
Subsidiaries	-	=
Jointly controlled entities (joint ventures)	-	-
Investments held-to-maturity	-	=
Other	80.042	36.047
Total	436.205	430.421

(7) Information on other operating expenses:

	Current period	Prior period
Personnel expenses	666.362	575.698
Reserve for employee termination benefits	39.699	35.840
Bank social aid provision fund deficit provision	-	-
Fixed assets impairment expense	-	-
Depreciation expenses of fixed assets	53.598	54.057
Intangible assets impairment expense	-	-
Goodwill impairment expense	-	-
Amortization expenses of intangible assets	4.178	2.901
Impairment expense for equity shares subject to the equity		
method accounting	-	-
Impairment expense of assets that will be disposed of	699	1.680
Amortization expenses of assets that will be disposed of	1.851	2.037
Impairment expense for property and equipment held for sale	-	-
Other operating expenses	512.408	536.237
Operational leasing expenses	74.381	63.117
Maintenance expenses	8.676	8.552
Advertisement expenses	46.507	102.185
Other expenses	382.844	362.383
Loss on sales of assets	1.262	601
Other	320.613	347.736
Total	1.600.670	1.556.787

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (continued)

- (8) Information on profit/loss from continuing and discontinued operations before taxes:
 - The Group's income before tax is due from continuing activities. TRY 2.500.529 of the income before tax consists of net interest income, TRY 440.990 of the income before tax consists of net fees and commissions. The net operating profit before tax of the Group is amounting to TRY 1.426.124.
- (9) Information on tax provisions for continuing and discontinued operations:
 - For the first quarter 30 June 2014, the Bank's tax provision amounting to TRY 286.381 consists of TRY 524.954 of current tax charge and TRY 238.573 of deferred tax income.
- (10) Information on net operating income/expense from continuing and discontinued operations after tax:
 - For the first quarter 30 June 2014; the Bank's net operating income after tax is amounting to TRY 1.139.743.
- (11) Information on net profit/loss from continuing and discontinued operations:
- a) Income and expenses from ordinary banking operations: There is no specific issue required to be disclosed for the Group's performance for the period between 1 January 2014 and 30 June 2014.
- b) Effects of changes in accounting estimates on the current and future periods' profit/loss: There is no issue to be disclosed.
- c) "Other" item under "Fees and Commissions Received" in the Income Statement are composed of fees and commissions received from credit card operations and various banking operations, mainly from capital market operations.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

V. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Explanations on inflation adjustments for equity items:

As per the BRSA circular announced on 28 April 2005, inflation accounting applied in the banking system has been ceased as of 1 January 2005 in accordance with the BRSA decree numbered 1623 and dated 21 April 2005.

According to this circular, TRY 1.220.451 of inflation adjustment related to paid in capital was transferred to the "Other Capital Reserves" account, which was recognized in "Paid-in Capital Inflation Adjustment" account before 31 December 2005. However, inflation adjustments related to other equity items are presented under the related equity item.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

VI. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(1) Disclosures for the "other" and "the effect of foreign exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents" items of cash flow statement:

The "net increase in other liabilities" under the changes in operating assets and liabilities is resulted from the changes in the funds obtained through repurchase agreements, miscellaneous payables, other external funding payables and taxes, duties and premiums payables and amounts to TRY 9.454.733 thousands for the first six months of the year 2014. The "other" item under operating income composes of fees and commissions paid and other operating income excluding employee costs and other operating expenses, and amounts to TRY 1.613.015 thousands cash out for the second quarter of the year 2014.

For the second quarter, the effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents is TRY 28.748 decrease (30 June 2013: TRY 373.441, increase).

- (2) Items of cash and cash equivalents, accounting policies used in the determination of those items: Cash in TRY and cash in foreign currency, Central Bank and bank deposits having maturity less than three months are defined as cash and cash equivalents.
- (3) The effect of any change in accounting policies: None.
- (4) Period beginning cash and cash equivalents balance:

	Current period	Prior period
Cash	20.021.395	12.517.078
Cash in TRY and foreign currency	816.075	693.316
Central Bank and others ⁽¹⁾	19.205.320	11.823.762
Cash equivalents	2.133.459	2.750.971
Demand and Time Deposits Up to 3 Months	1.902.775	2.588.437
Money Market Placements	230.684	162.534
Total cash and cash equivalents	22.154.854	15.268.049
Reserve deposits in Central Bank	(15.470.667)	(9.870.896)
Bank blockage balance ⁽²⁾	(161.784)	(140.697)
Accruals on money market placement	(211)	(34)
Accruals on banks	(2.611)	(1.728)
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6.519.581	5.254.694

⁽¹⁾ Others items include cheques received and blocked reserve deposits kept in Central Bank of Macedonia.

(5) Period ending cash and cash equivalents balance:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Cash	17.462.498	15.259.812
Cash in TRY and foreign currency	769.354	560.470
Central Bank and others ⁽¹⁾	16.693.144	14.699.342
Cash Equivalents	1.535.228	2.280.896
Demand and Time Deposits Up to 3 Months	1.264.848	2.103.115
Money Market Placements	270.380	177.781
Cash and Banks	18.997.726	17.540.708
Reserve deposits in Central Bank	(14.679.186)	(12.079.808)
Bank blockage balance ⁽²⁾	(170.490)	(144.705)
Accruals for reserve deposits	198	(167)
Accruals for money market placement	-	(167)
Accruals for banks	(4.450)	(2.827)
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	4.143.798	5.313.034

⁽¹⁾ Others items include cheques received and blocked reserve deposits kept in Central Bank of Macedonia.

⁽²⁾ Technical reserves of Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ. amounting to TRY 135.677, which is given as collateral to Under secretariat of Treasury of Republic of Turkey, holds blocked. Technical reserves of Halk Sigorta AŞ. amounting to TRY 26.107, which is given as collateral to Under secretariat of Treasury of Republic of Turkey, holds blocked.

⁽²⁾ Technical reserves of Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ, amounting to TRY 154.633, which is given as collateral to Republic of Turkey Prime Ministry Undersecretariat of Treasury, holds blocked. Also, Halk Sigorta AŞ, has blockage balance amounting to TRY 15.857 which is given as collateral to Republic of Turkey Prime Ministry Undersecretariat of Treasury.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

VII. EXPLANATION RELATED TO THE RISK GROUP OF THE PARENT BANK

(1) Volume of the Parent Bank's transactions with its risk group and outstanding loan and deposit balances as of the period-end, period income and expenses from the risk group:

a) Current period:

Risk group of the Parent Bank	3 · i		Direct or indirect shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other real and legal persons in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						_
Beginning balance	-	1.119	-	-	_	-
Closing balance	-	421	-	-	-	-
Interest and commissions income	-	1	-	-	_	-

b) Prior period:

Risk group of the Parent Bank	3 0		Direct or indirect shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other real and legal persons in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						_
Beginning balance	-	2.726	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	-	1.119	-	-	-	-
Interest and commissions income	-	5	-	-	-	

c.1. Deposits held by the Parent Bank's risk group:

Risk group of the Parent Bank	Subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities (joint ventures)		Direct or indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real and legal persons in the risk group	
Deposits	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
Beginning balance	34.651	23.690	-	_	-	_
Closing Balance	21.720	34.651	-	-	=	-
Interest expense on deposits	1.555	888	-	-	-	-

c.2. Forward and option contracts and similar transactions with the Parent Bank's risk group: None.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

VII. EXPLANATION RELATED TO THE RISK GROUP OF THE PARENT BANK (continued)

- (2) Disclosures for risk group:
- a) The relations of the Bank with the entities controlled by the Parent Bank and its related parties, regardless of whether there are any transactions or not:

In the normal course of its banking activities, the Parent Bank conducted various business transactions with related parties at commercial terms and at rates which approximate market rates.

The Parent Bank's branches may operate as insurance agencies of Halk Sigorta AŞ ile Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ and business agencies for Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ. Besides, Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ is engaging in fund management of the Parent Bank's funds.

b) Besides the structure of relationship, nature of the transaction, amount and ratio to the total volume of transactions, amount of major items and ratio to all items, pricing policies and other factors:

	Amount	% compared to the amounts in the financial statements
Cash loans	_	-
Non-cash loans	421	%0,00
Deposits	21.720	%0,02
Forward and option contracts	-	· -
Banks and financial institutions	-	-

Pricing of these transactions are in accordance with the general pricing policies of the Parent Bank and are in line with market rates.

- c) In cases whereby separate disclosure is not necessary, the total of similar items in order to present the total impact on the financial statements:

 Explained in b).
- d) Transactions accounted under the equity method:

Demir-Halkbank NV, operating in Netherlands, Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ qualified as investments in associates of the Parent Bank, are accounted for in the accompanying consolidated financial statements by the equity method of accounting.

(3) Benefits given to the key management personnel:

Benefits given to the key management personnel are TRY 9.485 as of 30 June 2014 (30 June 2013: TRY 8.245).

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Board of Directors has authorized the Head Office to obtain required permissions from the related regulatory institutions to open a Representative Office in Singapore in order to improve the relations with the International Corporate Investors and Corresponding Banks in Asia-Pasific Region.

The General Management of the Parent Bank has been authorized by the Board of Directors to manage and finalize the process for the partial or complete sales of the shares which are owned directly or indirectly in the equity of subsidiaries Halk Sigorta A.Ş and Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş. through T.C. Başbakanlık Özelleştirme İdaresi Başkanlığı according to Law Regarding the Implementation of Privatization numbered 4046.

The Board of Directors of the Parent Bank has resolved to purchase the shares of subsidiaries that are owned by and are in the partnership portfolio of Halk Sigorta A.Ş. and Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş. (both which are subsidiaries of the Parent Bank). These are the shares of Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş., Halk Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., Halk Faktoring A.Ş., Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş., Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş., and Halk Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. (which are in the partnership portfolio of Halk Sigorta A.Ş.) and the shares of Halk Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., Halk Faktoring A.Ş., Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş., Halk Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. and Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. (which are in the partnership portfolio of Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş.). These shall be purchased based on the current values as shown in the legal records of these companies.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION VI: OTHER EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES

I. OTHER EXPLANATIONS ON THE PARENT BANK'S OPERATIONS

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION VII: INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

I. EXPLANATIONS ON THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

The consolidated financial statements as of and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2014 were reviewed by Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik AŞ (the Turkish member firm of KPMG International Cooperative, a Swiss entity) and Independent Auditors' Review Report dated 8 August 2014 is presented in the introduction of this report.

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES PREPARED BY THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS
None.